THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1867. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 85

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

PRICE OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily (in advance) per annum	$12 00
" " per week	25
" " single copy	5
To news-dealers, per copy	3
Weekly per annum (in advance)	5 00

☞ No subscription entered on our mail books for a less time than one month.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square one insertion	$1 50
" " each additional insertion	75
" " one week	4 00
" " two weeks	7 00
" " three weeks	9 00
" " one month	12 00

☞ All advertisements considered due after the first insertion.

☞ Eight lines of solid nonpareil constitute a square.

☞ All advertisements in the Special Notice column will be charged 25 cents per line.

☞ Marriage and death notices published as other advertisements.

☞ All advertisements for the APPEAL must be handed in at the Clerk's desk.

☞ *Transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.*

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly paper will be charged at same rates, per week or month, as in the Daily, unless by special contract.

☞ Our friends are requested to use their best efforts to send in subscribers, and fill up our lists, and also to forward any items of news that may be of sufficient local importance to warrant their publication.

TERMS OF WEEKLY.

As an inducement to get up clubs, we have adopted the following scale of prices, which are as low as our current office expenses will admit of:

One Copy, one year	$2 00
To clubs of ten or more, each	1 50

Invariably in advance.

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Cayoso Savings Institute, 19 Madison st. John C. Hogan, President.

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J. G. Moffatt, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, 347 Main street.

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M'Caffery & Cornelius, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No. 11 Monroe st.

Holmes & Wharton, Cotton F[illegible] and Commission Merchants, 38 M adiso

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 11 Madison street.

Ashe, McClennan & Co., Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 276 Front st.

Woodson, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 second street.

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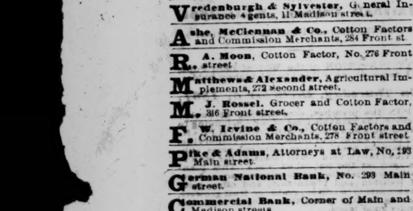
MASONIC DIRECTORY.



HEBREW CALENDAR.

	A.·. M.·. 5628.	
1st Tishri, 30th S	ptember,	1867.
10th Tishri, 30th	October,	"
21st Kislev, 20th	November,	"
1st Tavyas, 27th	December,	"
1st Shevah, 25th	January,	1868.
at A'dar, 24th	February,	"
1st Nisan, 24th	March,	"
1st Eyar, 23d	April,	"
1st Sivan, 22d	May,	"
1st Tammuz, 21st	June,	"
1st Av, 20th	July,	"
1st Elul, 19th	August,	"
Ash Wednesday, 6th March,		1867.
Maunday Thursday, 18th April,		"
Good Friday, 19th April,		"
Easter Sunday, 21st April,		"
Ascension, 30th May,		"
Pentecost, 9th June,		"
Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year.		

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MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. H. Forster, Sec. 284 Front street, bet. Main and Benamith, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 113. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. Wm. Kellam, Jr., Sec'y. K. Kellam, Sec'y.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 283. Meets 1st Friday of each month.—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 238. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellow's Hall. F. M. Stanley, W.·. M.·.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 334. Meets 4th Friday of each month—224 Front street, John J. Worsham, 33d, W. M.; R. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

KNIGHTS.

UTRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.·. AND A.·. SCOTTISH RITE.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.·. Insp.·. Gen.·.; Charles M. Terrell, 14th, Sec.·.

MITWAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 2. Stated Meeting 4th Wednesday of each month. Samuel Mellersh, 32d, G.·. M.·.; A. K. Frankland, 32d, Sec.·.

CAMPBELLA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Tarash.·.; Sec.·.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th, No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.·. W.·.; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.·.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h. 30th, No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.·.; William Y. Girode 32d, Rec.·.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.·. in Chief; Dodge O. Synder, 32d, Rec.·.

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"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."

DYEING, SCOURING, AND REPAIRING,

Done at short notice by

ISAAC ISAACS

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All orders executed with neatness and dispatch. Entire satisfaction guaranteed in the work is done. mar8

THOS. H. HUNT. J. P. HANSON

Thos. H. Hunt & Co.,

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SPECIAL attention given to Ladies' Dresses and Shawls. Gentlemen's Clothes Cleaned and Dyed in a superior style.

N. B.—No answerable for Goods left in store after six months from date of order.

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Sole Manufacturers.
Depot, No. 6 Howard's Row,
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—AT THE—

FRANKLIN JOB OFFICE

15 West Court Street,

Will execute all orders for

Printing

IN THE BEST STYLE, AND AS

LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN MEMPHIS.

Orders are Respectfully Solicited.

REMOVAL.

THE General Southern Freight Office of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has been removed from the old stand to

No. 266 Front Row, over

The well known house of Toof, Phillips & Co.

Through Bills Lading given to all Eastern cities. Rates as low and time as quick as by any other route.

G. R. BLANCHARD, General Freight Agent, Baltimore
H. F. HECKERT, Western Agent, Cincinnati.

E. D. COBB, Agent
se24 Baltimore and Ohio Railroad.

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S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
No. 233 Main Street,
CLAY BUILDING.
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Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. C. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.

LAWYERS.

GEO. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.

WINCHESTER & HATCHER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 327 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

A. WRIGHT, L. D. MCKISICK.

WRIGHT & McKISICK,
Attorneys at Law

HAVE removed their office to the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to.
mh8 tf

S. L. DIXON, W. A. PERCY.

DIXON & PERCY,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Greenville, Miss. Will practice in the Courts of Yazoo, Coahoma, Bolivar, Washington and Issaquena Counties. dec5 1y

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

S. STERNBERG & CO.,

WESTERN AND VIRGINIA

Tobacco Agency,

Dealers in Imported and Domestic

CIGARS,

No. 310 Front Street,

MEMPHIS.

oct2 6m

C. C. PARTEE, Late Vernon, Partee & Clay. B. FRANK HARBERT, Memphis, Tenn.

PARTEE & HARBERT,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

AND GENERAL

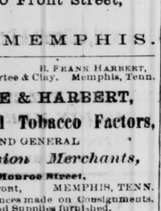
Commission Merchants,

14 Monroe Street,

Bet. Main and Front, MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Cash Advances made on Consignments. Bagging, Rope and Supplies furnished.
oct19 m3m

THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,



TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe street.

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Western and Virginia Tobacco Agency.

MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO.,

SUNDAY READING.

FROM THE LECTURES OF THE ANCIENT AND ACCEPTED SCOTTISH RITE OF FREEMASONRY.

XXVIIIth DEGREE.

The existence of evil and suffering, at the same time that God is all-wise and perfectly beneficent; and the co-existence of His Omnipotence and Omniscience and the moral accountability of man, have in all ages been the rocks on which philosophies and religions have made shipwreck. Whole nations have held it blasphemy to say that God is the author of evil; and the idea is not easily dismissed, that a world not all good and always happy is imperfect, and unworthy of a perfect God, unless there is to be compensation in another life.

But the Holy Writings expressly say that God has created the Evil as well as the Good; and it is for us to reconcile this and the punishment by him of iniquity and wrong, with his All-knowledge, All-power and Infinite Beneficence. For we are conscious that in doing wrong we exercise our free will; we know that suffering is, by God's ordinance, the *consequence* of vice, its consequences often descending to our children; and logic asks us if it is not true that man can do nothing contrary to the will of God—if He did not fore-know and *intend* that we should do the wrong? and if so, why should he punish us?

It is said to be an unsatisfactory doctrine, that God was compelled by necessity to create Evil with the Good; and that it is virtually a system which teaches that God was forced to create a Devil.

The Devil was created by human imagination, because man considers pain, sickness, hardship, toil and oppression as *wrongs* inflicted on him, to atone for which it is necessary there should be punishment in which all this is to be remedied, and where virtue is to be rewarded and vice and wrong punished.

If the Sacred Scriptures are inspired, God himself has told us that He makes good and creates evil.

It is owing to human vanity that no man has ever dared to reason with common sense on this subject. Man pursues, tortures and kills the most innocent animals, birds, and fishes, to gratify his appetite, or for mere pleasure. He crushes thousands of insects without a thought of wrong; nay, he destroys, as does every other animal, myriads of animalcule and infusoria daily, unconsciously, and without being able to avoid it. Throughout the whole scale of animated creation, one creature lives by devouring another, and every step taken, or movement made, or breath drawn by each, crushes out life. Pain and sickness, calamity and death are the lot of all created beings. When the dove is torn by the hawk, shoals of small fish swallowed by the whale, the lamb devoured by the lion, the buffalo crushed and devoured by the boa—when an epidemic sweeps away the deer, the swine, the cattle, a whole species of fish, and innumerable quantities of insects—when the world-wide spread of insects—even from holding office or sitting on juries, and provides that all persons, without distinction of race or color, who are otherwise qualified, shall be eligible to any office of honor or profit in the State.

On motion of Mr. Thornburg, of Jefferson, it was ordered to have printed five hundred copies of the bill.

Mr. Williams moved that the bill be made the special order for the first Monday in December.

After a lengthy discussion this motion was carried—ayes 43, nays 24.

House bill No. 52—To indemnify loyal citizens for losses during the rebellion.

Mr. Singletary moved that House bill No. 93 be adopted in lieu of House bill No. 52. This bill provides that, instead of assuming to pay these claims, the State shall examine and audit them, and present them to the General Government for payment.

Mr. Ryder offered a bill in lieu of both the above named bills, which was similar in its general features to bill No. 93, but different in the manner of doing the work. It was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, and ordered to be printed. After considerable discussion, the further consideration of these bills was postponed until one week from next Monday.

RETRIBUTION.

The *National Intelligencer* says, of the Radical devilry under which the country groans:

Some of the effects of this Radical policy are now in the progress of development in the South, and it is the ability longer to contribute to the support of Northern commerce and manufactures as a consumer. The domestic and imported dry goods piled up in the Northern cities await purchasers in vain, even at reduced rates. Neither the South nor the West have means for the consumption of expensive articles, and scarcely for those of prime necessity.

The Eastern manufacturers had very large stocks of goods on hand, and held them back in the expectation that the market would improve. They are sadly mistaken, and they must sell, if at all, at a great loss. The shares in the factories, heretofore held at a very large advance, have declined at least thirty or forty per cent. Some mills have closed and others are running on half time. If the Southern market is, for years to come, to be, to a great extent, closed to Eastern products, there must be a crash of the manufacturing interest. Commerce and navigation have already been destroyed by the Radical policy, and commission houses are also to be swept away.

What will the Radicals do with the negro element in Congress? They will control it for their political ends. With the addition of seventy electoral votes they will counterbalance the whole conservative votes of the great Central States. But there are other matters of essential import to the Radicals, and to which these negro allies in Congress may not be so pliable. The Southern free labor element in Congress will not bear taxation. They will pull down the whole fabric of tariffs and excises upon the heads of their Northern friends, unless, indeed, they can have equivalents of a high social and political nature. They will take care to command a high price for the support which they give the Radicals in legislation for Radical interests.

Treatment of Milch Cows.

I look on a cow as similar to a steam boiler. No matter how good they may be, unless the boiler is well supplied with water and good fuel, also well attended to, the supply of steam will be short, or it will be in proportion to the fuel and attention. So also the cow; no matter how good she may be, if she is not well and plentifully fed and cared for, her product will be lessened.

Another very important matter with cows is that they should be protected from storms and bad weather. They should be fed and kept under shelter when the nights are wet and inclement; this more particularly in the early season when the cow is fresh and in full milk. One exposure to a cold, wet night has frequently reduced the milk to one half. Also in the fall, when the nights are frosty, never let them remain out; be particular to stable them; and in the morning never turn them out on the pasture till the frost is melted off by the sun, as nothing, perhaps, dries a cow or reduces her in flesh more than eating or feeding with the frost on it. To many of these requirements the generality of farmers pay no attention whatever. In the early season, as soon as there is any pasture whatever, the cow is turned out of the barn-yard to eat what she may find, and remain day and night until the winter comes. There is also nothing grown or fed to eke out the scanty supply of pasturage that almost invariably occurs at some time each season. This is all wrong, and should be remedied by roots or corn.

COL. D. H. MCPHAIL, Paymaster United States Army, has recently arrived at New Orleans from the Dry Tortugas. He states that Dr. Mudd has distinguished himself in a professional way during the prevalence of the yellow fever at that post, while it was so bad that all of the surgeons were prostrated with it and no medical attention could be obtained. In this emergency, Col. McPhail, who is from the State of Maryland, thought of Dr. Mudd, and advised him that he be requested to exercise his profession. Dr. Mudd, when applied to, willingly undertook the care of those who were ill with the fever on the island, and up to the time of Col. McPhail's departure he had not lost one case. In consideration of his services in this respect it is said that an effort will be made to secure a pardon for him.

THERE is a paper called the *Great Republic* issued in New York, which is the organ of that combination of individuals known as "The Grand Army of the Republic." In this sheet appear, from time to time, letters from emissaries throughout the South, and principally in the interior, from which the public learns that the establishment of their revolutionary lodges is being pushed forward with great energy. In almost every section they are busy in inflaming the minds of the negroes, and organizing them upon a basis that cannot be otherwise than threatening to the communities in which such lodges exist, and dangerous to the perpetuity of our political institutions.

THERE are in Japan 20,000 Roman Catholics, descended from the Christian converts, left there two hundred years ago, at the time Japan was closed to foreign intercourse. They are scattered throughout the Empire, and there are no new converts. A large portion of these Christians reside in the Island of Sin Kin, and Negraski is their central point, where there is a Roman Catholic Bishop and several priests.

PRAYER.

XXXIId. DEGREE.

Our Father who art in Heaven, have pity for our weakness, and aid us with Thy strength! If it be Thy will that we should guide and direct our brethren, preserve us from anger, vanity, temerity and error! Let us not yield to temptation, and seek to usurp those powers that belong in common to all Thy children, and which we should labour to restore to their hands! Let no wrongful action, base word, bad thought or unholy feeling ever defile the Temple which we build to Thee in our hearts! Enable us to prevail against the Selfishness, Apathy and Indifference of the world around us, and to overcome the same in our natures; and do Thou, Oh our Father, in Thy good time, remove all obstacles to the final triumph of the Great law of Love, and to the universal dominion of the True principles of Masonry.

WHOM THE LORD LOVETH, HE CHASTENETH.

Broken, withered, torn apart,
Every teadril of my heart;
Desolate, come to time,
Oh! my Father, lovest Thou me?

Must I measure thus Thy love?
Then 'tis pressed and heaped above!
For my chastening has been sore,
And my bitter cup runs o'er!

Nature's fondest claims destroyed—
Fill Thou, Lord, this graving void!
Let Thy love, so dearly bought,
Come to me with comfort fraught.

Does that love in weight compare,
With the crown of thorns I wear?
Then the human grief depart,
Heal Thou my lone broken heart!

Thus hast taken all, O God!
Heaven Thy staff, and chastening rod;
I have nothing now, but Thee—
surely, Thou hast love for me.

Take me, Father, by the hand;
Hold me or I cannot stand;
Leave, oh! leave me nevermore
Till my walk through Life is o'er.

LUCRETIA PEABODY.
October 24, 1867.

[Very respectfully dedicated to Mrs. M. F Scott, of Somerville, by Willie A. Quarles.]

AUTUMN DAYS.

When autumn days come, nature, like a retired merchant, changes its manner from thrift and bustling industry to languid leisure and to ostentatious luxury. The sun rises later and sets earlier than when it had all the summer's crops on hand, and was playing universal husbandman. There is no nest-building now, and no bird-singing—which is a purely domestic arrangement, designed on the bird's part, to keep peace in the family while the children are being raised, and laid aside as soon as the young birds are off their hands. Morning comes fleeced in mists, which hang over streams and low moist places. The sun plays with them, but they perish in his arms. A few belated flowers peep watch, but chiefly the asters, which fringe the fields, star the edges of forests, and like a late comer at a feast, seem bent upon making up for lost time. At night, crickets and katy-dids scrape their shrill viols and fill the air with their tuneless music. Over all the shrinking fields, the trees lift up their gorgeous foliage, and, like those who wait for the marriage bell and the bridegroom, they shine out in glorious apparel. The hills, forest-clad, are becoming the world's younger sons; and, like Joseph, they are dressed in a coat of many colors. October days, short between horizons, reach higher into the vault than any days of the year; and through them the season seems to look with a softened face, like one who, in the calm of age, meditates on all the mistakes of his past life, and solemnly thinks upon the advancing future. Along the fence rows, where seeds and late berries may be found, birds hop silently, as if ashamed to be seen. Soon they will change their solitary ways and collect in flocks. To-day the fields will swarm with them; to-morrow, there will not be one left, and they will be picking their food many degrees of latitude south.

LIVE FOR SOMETHING.

Thousands of men breathe, move and live, pass off the stage of life, and are heard of no more. Why? None were blessed by them; none could point to them as the means of their redemption; not a line they wrote, not a word they spoke could be recalled, and so perished, their light went out into darkness and they were not remembered more than the insects of yesterday. Will you thus live and die? O man immortal, live for something. Do good and leave behind you a monument of virtue that the storms of time can never destroy. Write your name by kindness, love and mercy, on the hearts of thousands you come in contact with year by year, and you will never be forgotten. So, your name, your deeds will shine as bright on earth as stars of heaven.—*Dr. Chalmers.*

GENERAL NEWS ITEMS.

—A Washington correspondent says the slave owners in the South openly assert their belief that in a year or two every will be restored, or that the General Government will compensate the late masters for the loss of this species of property, at the current rates of 1860.

If there is a man in the whole South who is a bigger fool than the correspondent who sends this dispatch is a liar, then he may expect to get compensation for his slaves. But we do not believe there is such fool in the Provinces.

—Major-General Thomas, commanding the Department of the Cumberland, has issued an order forbidding officers or soldiers to accept presents of money from either State, county, municipal or other civil authorities for services rendered in the performance of their legitimate duties as soldiers of the United States army.

—Gen. Grant authorizes the positive contradiction of the report originating in the New York papers that troops will be sent South in view of the apprehended trouble with the negroes, nor has any evidence reached him that difficulties are apprehended by the people in that section.

—There is a report in Washington that the friends of Chief Justice Chase are negotiating for the purchase of a controlling interest in the *National Intelligencer* to make it an organ for advocating his claims to the Presidential nomination. The proprietors of the paper do not admit the truth of the report. It is also reported that President Johnson expressed a preference for Chase over Grant.

—In the case of the State vs. Rev. David H. Murphy, for preaching without taking the oath prescribed by the State Constitution, the Supreme Court of Missouri, on the 4th instant, reversed the decision of the lower court, and discharged the defendant, holding that the oath, as applicable to preachers, lawyers, and officers of various institutions specified in the Constitution, is unconstitutional; but that, in its application to voters it is constitutional.

—The action of the Emperor Napoleon in determining to keep the Universal Exposition open for a time longer, in order to give the poorer class of people an opportunity to witness its wonders free, is considered as a master stroke of policy, and doubtless it is. Louis Napoleon is indeed the "ruler of his fate."

—Washington dispatches say that the Judiciary Committee, both majority and minority, will have their reports ready to submit to Congress on Thursday, 21st. The majority report will be against impeachment, and will be signed by the same members who voted nay in the committee on the 8th of June last. The minority will be Messrs. Boutwell, Lawrence, Williams and Thomas, as heretofore. Both sections of the committee are agreed upon one point—that this question must be immediately decided, and it will probably be the only business of the few days that intervene before the commencement of the regular session in December.

—An official dispatch from the Superintendent of the Royal Mail Steamship Company, at St. Thomas, to the British Consul in this city, says all the property of the company has been destroyed by a terrible tornado on the 29th of October. The steamer Rhone was lost on Peber Island, and the Wye on Buck Island. The Conway went ashore on Torbula Island, and the Derwent at Thomas. The Holent and Tyre were dismantled. The town of St. Thomas is in complete ruins; fifty vessels are ashore. The loss of life is very great and the destruction of property immense. All the officers and engineers on the Rhone are lost, and all others from the Wye, excepting two persons—Capt. Taylor and Mr. Hodgeson, one of the passengers on board. The regular steamer for Southampton, which had sailed with 150 passengers, lost all but twelve. A French steamer was also damaged, and the list of other vessels that received injuries is very large.

Glycerine a Useful Article for the Toilet.

In an interesting article in the *Country Gentleman*, of February 8, 1866, descriptive of the nature and uses of Glycerine, there is omitted an application of it, which I venture to commend to the use of those of your lady readers who, during the winter, are afflicted with chapped hands and lips. I have used it for this purpose several years, and found it very healing in its nature and more cleanly than most of the applications recommended for the purpose, as a very small quantity is required, and it keeps the surface soft for a long time, while it also serves to exclude the air. In the nursery I have found it invaluable.

MRS. P.

NOTE.—It may be well to say that glycerine does not explode or even burn. The recent prominence which nitroglycerine has acquired might lead some of your readers to confound it with that substance and thus carefully avoid it. It can be procured at any drug store and is not expensive.—*Country Gentleman.*

LITTLE WILLIE.

BY MATHIAS BARR.

Willie he sits in his little chair
By the grate, musing with brow of care;
What is he dreaming of, idle boy—
Lesson or play, or cake or toy?

Willie has eyes that are bright and blue,
Lips like a rose in the morning dew,
Sunbeams that have wound his face,
Feet that are music about the place.

Sorrow and Willie walk wide apart;
Life hath no sadness to touch his heart;
Laughing but pleasure his thoughts to fill;
What are you dreaming of; tell me, Will?

"Father, O Father! I wonder sore
Why Lizzie comes back to you no more:
Sister Lizzie they carried away
Over the hills, that snowy day.

"When you are sleeping so sound and still,
And the moon lies white on the window-sill,
Lizzie comes and stands by my little bed,
And lays her hand on my aching head.

"And she looks so pure in her robes of light,
With her pale, pale brow and her wings so white,
And she smiles so sweet as she looks on me,
I know that in heaven her home must be.

"And then she kisses me, oh, how sweet!
And father, I hear her your name repeat;
I hear her murmur a prayer for you,
In her baby-voice, as she used to do;

"She tells me to love you, father dear,
Never to bring you a sigh or tear;
Never to grieve you or vex with shame;
Never dishonor your spotless name.

"And she tells me, father, of endless day,
In a beautiful kingdom far away,
Where there is never a thought of care,
And mother, she says, is smiling there.

"I think she must weep, too, father dear,
To see you sitting so lonely here,
With cheeks so pale and with locks so gray,
Thinking of her, so far away.

"She tells me we all shall meet again,
Far from this world of sin and pain;
Where sorrow is joy, and strife is rest,
And our happy home on the Saviour's breast.

"And mother is waiting our steps to hear,
Wishing and wishing the hour were near,
When God shall call us to joy above,
And we go from earth to the land of love.

"I know that your heart is like to break,
That your hair is white for my mother's sake;
That your eye is dim and your cheek is wan,
Watching and waiting to see the dawn.

"When the moon is white on the window pane
And sister Lizzie shall come again,
I'll wake you, dear father, and you shall know
The words that she utters, so soft and low."

LEGISLATIVE.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, November 7, 1867.

Senator Garner introduced a bill taking the power of appointment of Metropolitan Police Commissioners out of the hands of the Governor, and have them elected by the voters of the city. Referred to Committee on Incorporations.

A bill incorporating the "Widows' and Orphans' Fund" with E. D. Farnsworth, J. H. Oney, R. C. Foster 3d, J. L. Weakley, and H. C. Hensley as incorporators, passed first reading and was referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

The resolution instructing our Senators, and requesting our Representatives in Congress, to ask that the United States bonds, not payable in gold, be paid on maturity in greenbacks, came up and was discussed by several Senators.

The vote on the passage of the resolution resulted: yeas, 8; nays, 14.

The consideration of the Governor's message in reference to the appointment of Metropolitan Police Commissioners, was postponed till the 19th.

Senator Elliott's motion to reconsider the vote on the bill to punish common carriers for discriminating on account of race, color, or previous condition, was taken up, and carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Messrs. Aldridge, Echels, Eaton, Elliott, Frierson, Fuson, Garner, Henderson, Keith, Lyle, Matthews, McCall, Nelson, Norman, Parker, Wisener and Wilson—17.

Nays—Carey, Rodgers, Smith, Wyatt, and Speaker Senter—5.

Senator Wisener then introduced an amendment requiring all railroads to furnish separate cars and the same kind of accommodations for colored as for white people, and the bill and amendment was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

HOUSE—NEW BILLS.

By Mr. Bean—a bill to regulate and protect the interest of the State in internal improvements.

The bill provides that it shall be unlawful for any one to levy execution or any legal process, upon the property of any railroads to which the State has a lien. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Singletary—A resolution appointing a committee to investigate into alleged frauds in the management and sale of coin and other assets of the Bank of Tennessee. Adopted.

By Mr. Woodcock—A bill to amend the school law passed March 5th, 1867, so as to provide that the first election for County School Superintendents shall be held on the second Saturday of August, 1869, instead of the first Monday of March, 1868. Referred to the Committee on Schools.

BILLS ON SECOND READING.

House Bill No. 2—Repealing the 16th Section of the Franchise Law. The Special Joint Committee reported a bill in lieu, which, in addition to the repeal of the 16th Section, repeals all other laws and parts of laws disqualifying persons of color from holding office or sitting on juries, and provides that all persons, without distinction of race or color, who are otherwise qualified, shall be eligible to any office of honor or profit in the State.

On motion of Mr. Thornburg, of Jefferson, it was ordered to have printed five hundred copies of the bill.

Mr. Williams moved that the bill be made the special order for the first Monday in December.

After a lengthy discussion this motion was carried—ayes 43, nays 24.

House bill No. 52—To indemnify loyal citizens for losses during the rebellion.

Mr. Singletary moved that House bill No. 93 be adopted in lieu of House bill No. 52. This bill provides that, instead of assuming to pay these claims, the State shall examine and audit them, and present them to the General Government for payment.

Mr. Ryder offered a bill in lieu of both the above named bills, which was similar in its general features to bill No. 93, but different in the manner of doing the work. It was referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, and ordered to be printed. After considerable discussion, the further consideration of these bills was postponed until one week from next Monday.

RETRIBUTION.

The *National Intelligencer* says, of the Radical devilry under which the country groans:

Some of the effects of this Radical policy are now in the progress of development in the South, and it is the ability longer to contribute to the support of Northern commerce and manufactures as a consumer. The domestic and imported dry goods piled up in the Northern cities await purchasers in vain, even at reduced rates. Neither the South nor the West have means for the consumption of expensive articles, and scarcely for those of prime necessity.

The Eastern manufacturers had very large stocks of goods on hand, and held them back in the expectation that the market would improve. They are sadly mistaken, and they must sell, if at all, at a great loss. The shares in the factories, heretofore held at a very large advance, have declined at least thirty or forty per cent. Some mills have closed and others are running on half time. If the Southern market is, for years to come, to be, to a great extent, closed to Eastern products, there must be a crash of the manufacturing interest. Commerce and navigation have already been destroyed by the Radical policy, and commission houses are also to be swept away.

What will the Radicals do with the negro element in Congress? They will control it for their political ends. With the addition of seventy electoral votes they will counterbalance the whole conservative votes of the great Central States. But there are other matters of essential import to the Radicals, and to which these negro allies in Congress may not be so pliable. The Southern free labor element in Congress will not bear taxation. They will pull down the whole fabric of tariffs and excises upon the heads of their Northern friends, unless, indeed, they can have equivalents of a high social and political nature. They will take care to command a high price for the support which they give the Radicals in legislation for Radical interests.

Treatment of Milch Cows.

I look on a cow as similar to a steam boiler. No matter how good they may be, unless the boiler is well supplied with water and good fuel, also well attended to, the supply of steam will be short, or it will be in proportion to the fuel and attention. So also the cow; no matter how good she may be, if she is not well and plentifully fed and cared for, her product will be lessened.

Another very important matter with cows is that they should be protected from storms and bad weather. They should be fed and kept under shelter when the nights are wet and inclement; this more particularly in the early season when the cow is fresh and in full milk. One exposure to a cold, wet night has frequently reduced the milk to one half. Also in the fall, when the nights are frosty, never let them remain out; be particular to stable them; and in the morning never turn them out on the pasture till the frost is melted off by the sun, as nothing, perhaps, dries a cow or reduces her in flesh more than eating or feeding with the frost on it. To many of these requirements the generality of farmers pay no attention whatever. In the early season, as soon as there is any pasture whatever, the cow is turned out of the barn-yard to eat what she may find, and remain day and night until the winter comes. There is also nothing grown or fed to eke out the scanty supply of pasturage that almost invariably occurs at some time each season. This is all wrong, and should be remedied by roots or corn.

COL. D. H. MCPHAIL, Paymaster United States Army, has recently arrived at New Orleans from the Dry Tortugas. He states that Dr. Mudd has distinguished himself in a professional way during the prevalence of the yellow fever at that post, while it was so bad that all of the surgeons were prostrated with it and no medical attention could be obtained. In this emergency, Col. McPhail, who is from the State of Maryland, thought of Dr. Mudd, and advised him that he be requested to exercise his profession. Dr. Mudd, when applied to, willingly undertook the care of those who were ill with the fever on the island, and up to the time of Col. McPhail's departure he had not lost one case. In consideration of his services in this respect it is said that an effort will be made to secure a pardon for him.

THERE is a paper called the *Great Republic* issued in New York, which is the organ of that combination of individuals known as "The Grand Army of the Republic." In this sheet appear, from time to time, letters from emissaries throughout the South, and principally in the interior, from which the public learns that the establishment of their revolutionary lodges is being pushed forward with great energy. In almost every section they are busy in inflaming the minds of the negroes, and organizing them upon a basis that cannot be otherwise than threatening to the communities in which such lodges exist, and dangerous to the perpetuity of our political institutions.

THERE are in Japan 20,000 Roman Catholics, descended from the Christian converts, left there two hundred years ago, at the time Japan was closed to foreign intercourse. They are scattered throughout the Empire, and there are no new converts. A large portion of these Christians reside in the Island of Sin Kin, and Negraski is their central point, where there is a Roman Catholic Bishop and several priests.

LATEST
BY TELEGRAPH
Noon Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

WILMINGTON, November 8.—The registration for four days shows eighty-eight whites and eighteen blacks.

PRINCETON, ILL., November 8.—A fire occurred here to-day, which destroyed $250,000 worth of property. Insurance, $100,000.

PITTSBURG, PENN., November 8.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred here to-day in the mill of Reese, Graff & Dull. Twenty persons were killed and many wounded. The building was afterwards burned.

MONTGOMERY, November 9.—The Reconstruction Convention, on a test vote, yesterday, tabled, by a vote of 45 to 42, the proposition to abolish the present Provisional Government within thirty days.

An ordinance was introduced and referred, to organize a Provisional Government for the State, vacating all the important State offices on the first of January and a Provisional Governor to be appointed by the Convention who shall fill all offices by men who can subscribe to the test oath. A resolution was also introduced and referred, to disfranchise all persons implicated in the murder of Union men during the war.

NEW YORK, November 9.—A Washington special says that excellent authority states that the President has determined to make changes in his Cabinet, and that Henry F. Smythe, of New York, has been offered the position of Postmaster General or Secretary of the Treasury either. It is said that Reverdy Johnson will be tendered the position of Secretary of State; also, that Assistant Secretary Chandler will resign on the 1st of December, and there are a host of applicants for the place.

The *Times'* special says the Postmaster General report will this year show a deficiency, instead of a small surplus.

The indications are that the Republicans will carry North Carolina in the coming election.

Gen. Grant has issued a circular, stating that much property abandoned by the rebels during the war has since been occupied by them without making the required application for restoration; and all such property will be formally taken possession of by the Government, on the first of January next, and rented to refugees and freedmen.

LOTTERIES.

NO GIFT ENTERPRISE
Or any other Swindle!

MISSOURI AND KENTUCKY STATE AND HAVANA LOTTERIES.

ONLY LEGAL LOTTERIES IN U. S.

THEY are drawn under State Charters; have been drawn for over FORTY YEARS. Bonds deposit with and are deposited with U. S. Security.

The prizes are drawn in public by two sworn Commissioners appointed by the State. Must be drawn if tickets are sold or not.

PRIZES ALL CASH.

There are two State Drawings each day, and two Havana Drawings each month.

Drawings can be seen two hours after purchase of tickets.

One-half the Tickets are Prizes.

Prizes paid on day of purchase.

Tickets $1 to $20, according to Scheme.

Prizes from $10,000, according to Scheme.

Principal Agent, GEO. W. VAN VOAST, No. 10 Jefferson street.

SECOND DRAWING

—OF THE—

Southern Asylum

LAND COMPANY,

TO TAKE PLACE AT

HERNANDO, MISS.,

AUGUST, 1867.

THE First Drawing, which took place at Hernando, Miss., on the 16th inst., was attended with unusual success, when it is remembered that but a few weeks elapsed from the inception or the enterprise to that event. $17,000 worth of tickets having been sold, a like amount of property to be drawn for, under the supervision of gentlemen selected by the ticket holders present. The utmost harmony and good feeling prevailed among those present, and, as will be seen from the subjoined certificate of the Managers, the affair was conducted to a close in a most gratifying and satisfactory manner:

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

SUNDAY, : : : : NOVEMBER 10, 1867

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HARRY BEEK, LOCAL EDITOR.
R. T. ENGLISH, COMMERCIAL, FINANCIAL AND RIVER EDITOR.
JOHN AINSLIE, CASHIER AND BUSINESS MANAGER.

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PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governments.

No ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been dissezed; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen.

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is RIGHT; whatever is of GOOD REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

WHAT IS THE PRESIDENT'S DUTY?

The Supreme Court of the United States, in *Marbury v. Madison*, 1 *Cranch* 137, 160, Chief Justice MARSHALL delivering the opinion, declared that an act of Congress contrary to the Constitution, was *entirely void*, and that the Constitution was a rule for the government of Courts, as well as of the legislature. It said, "Why otherwise does it direct the judges to take an oath to support it? This oath certainly applies in an especial manner to their conduct in their official character. How immoral to impose it on them, if they were to be used as the instruments, and the knowing instruments, for violating what they swear to support."

"Why does a judge swear to discharge his duties agreeably to the Constitution of the United States, if that Constitution forms no rule for his government, if it is, closed upon him, and cannot be inspected by him?

"If such be the real state of things this is worse than solemn mockery. To prescribe or to take this oath, *becomes equally a crime*."

And the Court concluded with the declaration that the principle was essential to all written Constitutions, "that a law repugnant to the Constitution is void; and that Courts, *as well as other departments*, are bound by that instrument."

The President is sworn to *preserve, protect, and defend* the Constitution. He is knowingly assisting to destroy it, by enforcing Congressional enactments declared by him to be unconstitutional, and which the Congress itself declares are not made by virtue of any powers bestowed on them by the Constitution.

The President cannot be bound to execute any enactment (we will not call them *laws*) of any body of men who are not, as to these enactments, a Congress of the United States clothed with powers under the Constitution, by grant from the States, but a Long Parliament or National Convention of part of a portion of the States. He is the President of the whole Union; and if the Conspirators against the Constitution enact such laws, his sworn duty is to tell them to find the means, "outside of the Constitution" for their execution; since, whatever powers *they* may have outside of that instrument, he has and claims none.

Shall he, in the language of the Supreme Court, in the days when no man in all the broad Union was bold enough to impeach its integrity or deny the authority of its decisions,—shall he, the PRESERVER, PROTECTOR and DEFENDER of the Constitution, permit himself to be *used* as the instrument, and the knowing instrument, for violating what he has sworn to support? The Kings of England were "Defenders" of the Faith; and CROMWELL was the Lord "Protector" of the liberties of Englishmen. What is the President, when he crouches to obey an unconstitutional act of Congress, and *executes* it, protesting that upon his conscience and soul it is unbonstitutional? The arm of the Archangel MICHAEL is not strong enough to pluck him by the hair out of the abyss of degradation into which he will have sunken, if he does not halt and come to bay.

Has not the Supreme Court, by Chief Justice MARSHALL, told him that if such be the real state of things it was worse than a solemn mockery for him to take the oath; and that to prescribe it or take it was equally a crime?

It has told him that such a law is *entirely void*, and *all* the Departments of the Government are bound to look to the Constitution as the Supreme law. Does the President forget that audacity only commands success? To palter and temporize is to fall; for it is conclusive evidence of feebleness and the perfection of impolicy. To the Statesman as to the General, the *three* great requisites are *de l' audace—de l' audace—encore de l' audace.*

LIBERTY OF THE PRESS.

ED. MCCARDLE, of the Vicksburg *Times*, has been arrested by Gen. ORD, of the Satrapy of Mississippi and Arkansas, for articles published by him, and has been consigned to a dungeon, to repent his opposition to the deeds of his High Mightiness, at his leisure. Perhaps ORD now thinks he was too severe on the subordinate who assaulted the office of the Camden editor. Which is a more decided invasion of personal rights and the liberty of the press, to destroy a printing office, or to incarcerate an editor? By this course, Gen. ORD is only furnishing fresh arguments to the freemen of the North to abolish the irresponsible despotism which is crushing out the prosperity and freedom of the South. He will find that it will not add one leaf to his soldier's chaplet, and that it will be weakness instead of strength to his cause. Let him reconsider this act of despotism, if he wishes the world to believe that he has one particle of respect for the principles of Constitutional Government.

A GENTLEMAN of experience proposes to erect, within a short distance of New York, a "Maison de Sante," or "Sanatorium," where invalids will enjoy excellent medical attention, together with the further advantages of mineral spring water, salt water bathing and boating. This institution will not only be made an attractive place for invalids, but also a desirable residence for persons enjoying health. If taken ill the latter class will not be subjected to the inconveniences experienced under similar circumstances at the large hotels.

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

Night Dispatches.

[WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS.]

NEW YORK, November 9.—A letter from Hon. Thad. Stevens on the subject of our National Finances is published. It is in reply to a letter addressed to him by a neighbor, and is very long and comprehensive. He commences with the assertion that so far as the financial condition of the Republic is concerned, it is not, nor can it ever be in peril with the products which we can readily dispose of. There never can be a time when, with honest dealings, this Republic will be unable to pay all her just liabilities. He says: "I have not yet, and do not approve of the financial policy pursued by our Government for the last six years. O, think! we have thrown away our billions and are still throwing away our millions by mismanagement. Then," addressing his correspondent, who is a national banker, "he says you are a banker, and a sound one. You, as well as every other man who has tried it, are making more though this national banking than you ought to." He says he has never doubted the Constitutional power of the Government to make money of whatever material it chooses, whether of metal, leather, paper or tin, and to regulate its value; and, therefore, legal tenders are, to all intents and purposes, the lawful money of the country; money in which all debts, public or private, may be legally and justly paid. Money is just what the law makes it. The Government has at different times reduced the price of silver, which, when so reduced, was made to pass to every creditor and debtor at the original price, and argues that there is the same power to issue and regulate the value of any other kind of money, consequently it is just as lawful for the Government to pay the National debt in greenback money.

Referring to the debt, he says: Now let us come to the Government loan, and for a moment consider it, which, even without the monstrous doctrine of Greeley and Cooke, is the most profitable investment ever made by money lenders, and is a monstrous swindle on Americans on the part of European capitalists. Although he would pay in full the capitalists and speculators who have made princely fortunes through the folly of the Government, he does not think there is any obligation to force specie payment.

He shows beyond contradiction that in creating loans there was no intention on the part of Congress to compel the Government to payment of the principal in coin except where this was expressly mentioned. This matter was well considered and understood at the time, and the bondholders have no reason to complain if paid in legal tenders. Mr. S. said for two years the greenbacks were the most popular currency ever used in the United States, and had there been no other would not have failed to buy every necessary commodity for every use, public and private. If it swelled the currency it also swelled the business of every kind, also the incomes of business men, thereby increasing the revenues of the government. The great question at issue is the policy of paying the debt in greenbacks. Upon this he remarks: "Various methods are suggested to redeem the 6-20s in currency. One very able writer suggests a loan in greenbacks to their amount, so that afterwards the greenbacks may be redeemed with the others, if we are satisfied that there is no more than sufficient currency to do the business of the country with its probable increase; then that would be the proper method without inflating prices as a counter-balance to the saving. But if it is believed that the present and prospective business of the country would fairly absorb an amount large enough to redeem those bonds as they come due and not ignominiously increase business. The true way would be for the Government to issue legal tenders equal to the amount to be redeemed, and thus save the interest both of the old and a new loan. With these views, he deems the contraction of the currency four millions a month as unauthorized and highly impolitic. Finally, he believes the true, not the only way to reach specie payments, is to reduce the debt as proposed before making any attempt to contract currency.

The Tammany City Convention was held to-night and nominated Mayor Hoffman.

The Mozart Convention meets next week, and will undoubtedly nominate Fernando Wood.

A special to the *Express* says that the friends of Senator Wilcox, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, assert that he will kill the impeachment prospect by his casting vote.

A special to the *Post* says: It is understood that the larger portion of the President's message will be devoted to the consideration of the National finances. Mr. Johnson says that he regards the financial question as the most important before the country. He has no sympathy with the recently expressed views of Pendleton or Butler, but goes with McCulloch, and believes in the contraction of the currency, and a speedy return to specie payments.

Election returns from the Third Congressional District in this State, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Thomas B. Noell, indicate the choice of Gen. McCormick, Democrat, by about 500 majority, the vote being very small.

WASHINGTON, November 9.—In the Supreme Court for the District of Columbia to-day, Mr. Bradley read a statement in answer to the rule of the Court for him to show cause why he should not be excluded from the bar as a practising Attorney, owing to his difficulty with Judge Fisher. Hon. R. J. Walker made an argument in Bradley's favor, when a full Court, through Chief Justice Chase, sustained the order of Judge F. suspending Mr. Bradley as a practitioner at bar. Chief Justice Chase said it was a painful duty, but it was necessary that the Court should sustain its dignity and punish the contempt.

Mr. Bradley thanked the Court for the delicate manner in which it had announced its decision, and said he long ago contemplated retiring altogether from the bar, but that the present manner of severing his connection with the Court renders the separation the more unpleasant.

Fractional currency printed for the week, $31,711; shipped, $755,052, including $100,000 to United States Depository at Cincinnati; National bank notes issued $80,330; fractional currency redeemed, $416,403; receipts internal revenue for the week $403,100.

The President will be serenaded on Wednesday night under auspices of the Conservative Army and Navy Union. Other organizations will unite in the demonstration.

A GERMAN letter-writer says: "It is significant that the Russians, who a dozen years ago were ashamed to speak or write in Russian, have now become so outrageously national that they employ their unknown tongue even in diplomatic documents—in which there would really be some excuse for replacing it by French. The Emperor Alexander's ratification is in Russian, but as it might just as well be in Chinese, a fly-leaf giving a French translation has been tacked to it. The King of Italy employs the national language, and the Emperor of Austria, in his ratification, still preserves the use of the Latin, the traditional official language of the Holy Roman Empire."

A report was current in Dubuque a few days ago that two negroes employed on the Itasca had a fight on Sunday, during which one of them cut the other's head off with an axe. Another rumor was that the murderer had been killed and buried at Eagle Point which was contradictory to another report that he was incarcerated in the Dunleith jail.

OBITUARY.

"Whom the Gods Love, Die Young."

HENRY CLAY YANCEY.—The death of this excellent man—young in years but old in citizenship in Memphis—has already been briefly noticed, with such tribute to his worth as reputation induces even from strangers. The affection nurtured by years of knowledge of him, even from his boyhood days, yearns to bear that fuller testimony which, given to the world, becomes an incitement to those who are emerging into life after him. Allow one who so knew and loved him, thus to hold up to the young his shining example:

HENRY CLAY YANCEY died of yellow fever at his residence on Linden street on Tuesday morning the 5th inst., in the 29th year of his age, having been born at Lagrange on the 10th day of January, 1839. After a short residence in Somerville, he removed to Memphis in 1848. The death of his father took place when he was about twelve years old. He immediately assumed the duties and responsibilities of a man, and although he then had three older brothers, CLAY took almost entire management of all affairs which would save his mother from trouble. His devotion to his mother was almost wonderful. With him she was always first. No other consideration ever induced him to neglect her for one moment; and still so quiet and so unassuming was his manner that he made no demonstration, and it was only by his acts that he showed his affection. Heart and soul with the land of his birth in her late struggle, he was a First Lieutenant in a company just ready to take the field, when the death of his brother, ROBT. J. YANCEY, which took place in the army, left only him at home. He immediately resigned, and said to his mother: "My duty is to you and my sisters, and I will remain with you until you tell me to go." After the fall of Memphis in 1862, that Christian mother gave her son to her country, and he departed to enter the army. His naturally delicate constitution making it impossible for him to stand the hardships of camp life, his failing health caused his transfer to the arsenal as a bookkeeper. He remained working faithfully as his duty called him, until the last moment of the war, only getting one furlough, when having heard of his mother's illness he came as near Memphis as possible to hear from her. She had recovered sufficiently to go out to see him, and so fearful was he of exceeding his furlough he left in time to get back to his post two days before it expired.

This same devotion to what he considered his duty characterized every thing he did to the hour of his death. The sickness of two of his employers caused him to exert all his energies to attend to their interest, which continued exertion, and his attending Mr. Toof several nights during his illness, I have no doubt caused his death.

On Friday morning last he attempted to go to his business, but feeling utterly exhausted, he also was stricken down with the disease. From that time he was gentle and patient, perfectly in his right mind until about six hours before his death, when he became delirious.

He joined the Masonic Fraternity in Selma, Ala., during the war, but on his return to Memphis he connected himself with South Memphis Lodge, to which his father had belonged, and was buried by his brother Masons.

Such was the career, and so passed away from this to a Better World, HENRY CLAY YANCEY. Young in years, he had experienced the vicissitudes and exhibited the fortitude and sacrifices which usually fall to the lot only of marked men through endurances of three score years and ten. In his quiet, affectionate, yet all manly way, he was a hero in the battle of life, and however those of us who remain may grieve, it is well that he went so early; for

"Whom the *gods love*, die young."

DIED.

DIED.—Mrs. LEONORA CASTANEDO, October 28, 1867, aged 34 years.

Those who live must die. It is the immutable law of the Giver of Life.

The very cypress droops to death—
Dark tree, still sad when others' grief is fled,
The only constant mourner o'er the dead.

This tribute is paid to one who ceased to exist just as a life of happiness was about to dawn upon her, and she saw at no distant day the consummation of her brightest and most fervent anticipations. She was endowed by Nature with those features of life which exhibits womanly greatness and dignified simplicity. Her hand was always open to charity, and her voice was ever ready to plead for the distressed, or for the comfort of the afflicted. We may search among the living and never see her likes again. The Great Reaper has cut down in the beauties of existence one of the choicest flowers of the human race; one of the most Christian-like ladies, and one of the most accomplished and humane of her sex. Those she will never grasp in fervent salutation, the hands of those of this sphere her acts of benevolence, beautiful traits of character and womanly examples, will never be forgotten by those who were her intimate and cherished friends until the inevitable seal of Eternity is placed upon their brows.

The vase is broken, and the treasure lost forever.

Death lies on her like an untimely frost,
The sweetest flower of all the field.

The eloquent eyes are forever closed; the voice that never failed to speak the language of charity and forgiveness is silent; the form that moved with grace and dignity is laid low, and soon the verdue of the earth will rest upon the wave of ground which covers the beautiful sleeper, and a chiseled shaft of marble will stand as a mute monument to her memory.

None can look without emotion upon the cold and pulseless form of a beautiful and accomplished being; and the one who sees the dearest object of his affections clothed in the habiliments of the grave, feels that an irreparable blight has fallen upon him, and that naught of earth can assuage the grief which has nestled in his heart.

Rest in peace, beautiful woman; all of earth are passing away, and will soon enter the gates of the eternal city, that mysterious province to which all those who become immortal are consigned.

Thrice happy world, where gilded toys
No more disturb our thoughts, no more pollute our joys.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

HALL OF SOUTH MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 118, }
F. & A. M. MEMPHIS, Nov. 8, 1867. }

At a meeting of South Memphis Lodge, No. 118, F. & A. M., held this evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, It has pleased the Great Architect of the Universe to call from labor in our midst our late Brother H. CLAY YANCEY, to the repose of the Celestial Lodge above, it is fitting that, in our grief at the loss of a Brother and friend who has ever proven worthy and well qualified in his station as a man and Mason amongst us, we should give testimony of the high esteem in which he has been held; be it

Resolved, That in losing our brother H. CLAY YANCEY, this Lodge feels that another bright jewel has been removed from among us. We loved him as a man—as a Brother he was endeared to us, and as a true Mason we point with pride to his virtues.

Resolved, That we tender to the bereaved relatives of the deceased our warm sympathy, knowing full well the great extent of the loss they have sustained.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this Lodge, be published in the DAILY APPEAL, and a copy duly attested be forwarded to the sisters of our late brother.

W. Y. CRODE,
GEO. D. PLUMMER,
JNO. D. HUHN,
Committee.

Attest—BEN. K. PULLEN, Sec'y.

MEMPHIS, November 8, 1867.

The Committee appointed by South Memphis Lodge, No. 118, to present a proper Tribute of Respect to our late Brother PAUL C. KAY, submit the following:

That Bro. PAUL C. KAY was one of the oldest members of this our oldest Lodge in our city. That he has been a regular contributing member of the same for more than twenty years; that in 1847 he was almost unanimously elected Junior warden of this Lodge, and for many years thereafter he served it on various important committees and official positions. We feel called upon to say that his Masonic life was one of zeal, integrity, faithfulness and prudence, reflecting credit upon his Lodge, and love and respect for his character. We know then, that this Lodge most earnestly expresses their regret for his death, mourn as Brothers should mourn our great loss, and love and esteem for his Masonic life and character.

As a Lodge we humbly pray that his little son may emulate his late father's Masonic career.

Let this Tribute of Respect occupy a page of our minutes as a mournful page dedicated in memory of the worthy, and expressive of our sorrow; and a copy of the same published in the Masonic organ of the city, and a copy be sent to the son and daughter of our deceased brother.

A. J. WHEELER,
WM. S. MATTHEWS,
BEN. K. PULLEN,
Committee.

Attest: BEN. K. PULLEN, Sec'y.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

ATTENTION SONS OF TEMPERANCE! The Officers and Members of Y. M. Division, No. 60, S. of T., are hereby notified to meet at their Hall, this Sunday evening, at 1 o'clock, to attend the funeral of their late Brother LOPEZ.

Brothers of the other Divisions are earnestly invited to attend. WM. CHAMBERS, W. P.
LOUIS O. ROSSELLE, A. R. S. nov10 1t

Notice to Contractors.

WE wish to have cut 2,962 cubic yards of Grading in city. Apply to
J. T. PEYTON,
nov10 3t No. 15 Union street, up stairs.

ALLEN HOUSE.

CORNER WASHINGTON AND SECOND STS.

We take pleasure in announcing that our house is still open for the accommodation of the traveling community. Neat and comfortable rooms can be secured at all times, and with strict attention to the wants of guests. We feel no hesitancy in asserting that we can and will please all who may favor us with their patronage. We will be pleased to meet old friends and patrons, and as many new ones as may favor us with a call. We feel under many obligations for the liberal patronage bestowed upon us in the past, and hope to receive our share in future. Board $3 50 per day. nov10-4m

GAS FIXTURES.

WE have received and opened a splendid assortment of

Gas Chandeliers, Pendants, Brackets, Pillars and Shade,

Of the latest and best style. For sale at Manufacturer's prices.

PULLEN & HAMMOCK,
nov10-2w No. 273 MAIN STREET, (Opposite C. urt Square.)

T. V. BRADY, Marshall County, Miss. B. F. JACKSON, Memphis.

BRADY & JACKSON,

COTTON FACTORS AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 338, Cor. Union and Front Sts.,
(Up-Stairs), MEMPHIS, TENN.

WILL give special attention to the sale of Cotton and other Produce consigned to us, and to Receiving and Forwarding Goods to all points. Also, to the Purchase of Merchandise and Plantation Supplies.

All consignments of Cotton will be covered with Insurance in our Open Policy, unless otherwise instructed. nov10

FUNERAL NOTICE.

LOPEZ—The funeral of Mr S. C. LOPEZ will take place from his residence, No. 147 Mosby street, at 2 o'clock p.m. to-day. The services will be performed by Dr. White, of Calvary church. The friends of the deceased are invited to attend, at the place and hour named.

MORTIMORE—Died on the evening of November 9th, Miss MARY J., daughter of Dr. D. and Jane Mortimore.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from Wesley Chapel, corner of Second and Poplar streets, This (Sunday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock. Services by the Rev. Dr. Mann.

Carriages in attendance.

O'DONNELL—Died, MRS. CATHERINE O'DONNELL, wife of Thos. O'Donnell, at six o'clock yesterday evening.

Her funeral will take place from her late residence on Bradford street, this morning at ten o'clock. The friends and acquaintances of he family are respectfully invited to attend.

HENDERSON OWEN, late of Brown & Owen.
S. F. MCNUTT, late of McNutt, Trotter & Bailey.
J. C. P. BLAMONDS.

OWEN, M'NUTT & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

RECEIVING, Forwarding and General Commission Merchants, No. 14 Monroe street.

Sale of All Cotton, Tobacco, or other Produce, consigned to us, insured, unless otherwise instructed. Bagging, Rope and other supplies furnished at the lowest market price. no10 1f

J. W. DICKINSON, Formerly Reid & Dickinson. Dr. B. F. DICKINSON, Late Surgeon C.S.A.

J. W. DICKINSON & BRO.,

Cotton Factors, General Commission and Produce Merchants,

No. 210 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Advances made on consignments. We have a warehouse of our own in which we will handle all Cotton consigned to us, and we guarantee there shall be no unnecessary loss in weight, a thing we have had to submit to heretofore. Bagging and Rope furnished our customers. Usual commissions charged. All consignments by river insured, unless otherwise instructed. nov10 1m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

RACES, RACES, RACES!

THE GREAT FALL MEETING

COMMENCES TO-MORROW.

The Horses will Start Promptly at 2 o'clock p.m.

CARS will leave, commencing at 12 m. every quarter of an hour, up to 9 o'clock p.m., and returning from the track after races. A sufficient number of cars will be on hand to convey all passengers. A fine Band of Music will be in attendance. Ample accommodations on the public stands for Ladies and Gentlemen. The Ladies' Stand will be exclusively for ladies accompanied by gentlemen, and will be under the management of five of our most respectable citizens.

Never has there been collected in the South, at one meeting, a larger or finer collection of blood stock. All lovers of the sport should avail themselves of this opportunity.

We see from the "Turf and Field" a flattering notice of the magnificent GOLD WHIP manufactured by Hoover & Calhoun, of 362 Broadway, New York, to be presented by the Turf Congress for the great Post Stake, to be run for on next Friday.

Everything possible for the accommodation and comfort of visitors has been provided by the able Managers of the Race Course.

nov10 1t

JOHN LILLY. OWEN LILLY.

LILLY BROTHERS,

—DEALERS IN—

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Etc.,

Corner Second and Union Sts,

nov10 1m MEMPHIS, TENN.

ONE PRICE STORE!

THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICE!

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.

Have just received and offer

BEAUTIFUL POPLINS,

At 30 Cents per Yard.

BLACK AND WHITE SHEPHERD PLAID

At 15 Cents per Yard.

EMPRESS CLOTHS,

At 85 Cents per Yard.

Also, a large stock of

FLANNELS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, JEANS, LINSEYS, Bleached and Brown MUSLINS, PRINTS of the handsomest styles, SHOES, HOSIERY, NOTIONS, Etc., etc., etc.,

All of which will be sold at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

We call the attention of the Ladies to our new

CLOAK AND SILK ROOM.

All styles of CLOAKS made to order, and a GOOD FIT GUARANTIED.

OUR ASSORTMENT OF GOODS IS ALWAYS COMPLETE.

WE SELL TO MERCHANTS

AT A VERY SMALL ADVANCE

ON EASTERN JOBBERS' PRICES.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
242 Main Street,
Corner Jefferson.
nov10

WM. H. ANDREWS,

Grocer

—AND—

Commission Merchant,

284 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

WE have on hand a large lot of fine BOURBON; also, a general assortment of Groceries and Plantation Supplies. nov10 1m

SACRIFICE, SACRIFICE

ELSONS AGAIN IN THE FIELD

Great Clearing Sale

OUR ENTIRE STOCK, AMOUNTING TO OVER $150,000, must be sold,

FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY!

REMOVAL.

J. S. Shaw & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, IRON & STEEL,

STOVES AND CASTINGS,

233 SECOND STREET.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of Builders' Materials, Blacksmiths' and Carpenters' Tools, Wagons, Drays, Farming Implements and Mills.

WE BUY FOR CASH, Sell at small profits, and flatter ourselves that we can offer superior inducements to all wanting Goods in our line.

MENKEN BROTHERS

WILL EXHIBIT

MONDAY, NOV. 11,

PARIS MADE CLOAKS,

FRENCH DRESS GOODS,

NEW TRIMMINGS,

NEW BUTTONS,

OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION.

These Goods are Elegant, Desirable and Cheap.

We invite our Customers to give them their immediate attention.

LOOK! LOOK! LOOK!

Calicos, 10 to 12c per yard;
Bleached Domestics, 8 to 12c per yard;
All Wool Dress Goods at all prices;
Apron Checks, 16c per yard;
All Wool Flannels from 25 to 50c per yard;
Linen Table Cloths from $1 65 to $1 90 each;
Linen Table Cloth, by the yard, any price;
Ladies' Shoes, from $1 to $1 25 per pair;
Gents' Merino Hose, 25c per pair;
Gents' genuine English Half Hose, $5 50 per doz.
Ribbons, Trimmings, Bottons, etc., half price;
Nubias, (large size), 85c each;
Soaps, Perfumery, etc., at any price.

This is No Humbug!

Our entire Stock must be sold, owing to the retirement of two partners on the first day of January, prior to which time the

Entire Stock must be Sold

We shall not hesitate at any sacrifice to effect its speedy sale.

Gents' Clothing at all prices;
Whalebone Corsets, only $1 per pair;
Jouvin's Kid Gloves, only $1 per pair.

We cannot name the prices of all our Goods, but rest assured everything in our entire stock MUST AND SHALL BE SOLD

REGARDLESS of COST.

One Dollar saved is two gained, and now is your time to save, not only one but many dollars, by buying your goods at this

GREAT CLEARING SALE,

—AT—

Elsons' Mammoth Cheap Store

No. 279 Main Street.

nov10

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

SALE OF THE

Trezevant Lands

On Thursday, November 14.

ON the near approach of this important sale, we desire to inform those parties wishing to examine the grounds before the sale, that a conveyance to the premises will leave our office DAILY AT NINE A.M., and return at one o'clock.

The sale will open at Lot Number One, on the Old State Line road, opposite the residence of Col. W. T. Avery.

Public competition having been invited, no bid will be received at private sale.

Every lot put up will be sold positively and without reserve, and with the pledge of the owner and the Auctioneers that there shall be no fictitious bidding.

ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
nov2 1w Auctioneers.

THE GREAT FRENCH

DR. JOHNSON

HAS ARRIVED, and CURES

Diarrhœa,
Cholera,
Cholera Morbus,
Headache,
Earache,
Toothache,
Sprains,
Sore Throat,
Colic and Cramp,
Rheumatism,
Contracted Cords,
Fever and Ague,
Chills and Fevers,
Dysentery,
Asthma,
Catarrah,
Dyspepsia,
Inflamation of the Kidneys,
Erysipelas,
Liver Complaint,
Palpitation of Heart,
Burns, Corns,
Frosted Feet, Chilblains
Coughs and Cold,
Pain in Side or Back,
Muscle or Spinal Affections,
Blindness,
Piles

All of the above named diseases the Doctor has never failed in making a permanent cure

Office—Second floor, up stairs.

CORNER SECOND AND POPLAR STREETS,
nov10 MEMPHIS, TENN.

FARM FOR SALE.

The Best Bargain Offered

S. N. ELLIOTT offers for sale this Farm of 920 Acres, at Elliott's Station, on the Mississippi Central Railroad, eight miles south of Grenada. 300 more acres can be added if desired.

The land lies on both sides of the railroad, up to Elliott's Station, and affords eligible site for Mercantile and Manufacturing establishments. It has an abundance of fine timber, needed by the railroad; more than enough to pay the price of the whole tract. It is all level, and susceptible of division to suit any purchaser. Has 350 acres cleared and under good fence. Has a comfortable family residence with good out-houses, barns and stables—large, and the best gin, screw and cotton press—all new, in the same county. The improvements cost within the last three years $4000. Mr. Elliott desires to sell before the first of January next, and as a strong inducement he offers his land at ten dollars per acre, in United States Currency, for which he refused thirty dollars per acre in 1861. Time will be given, if desired, upon half the price upon fair terms. Sale must be made soon or not at all. Title of the highest grade. Refer to

S. M. HANKINS, Agent,
nov10 Grenada, Miss.

BOARDING—

Gentlemen single or with families can obtain board with, or without, rooms, furnished or unfurnished, by application at 41 Poplar street. nov9 1w

GEO. W. MORRIS, Fayette Co., Tenn.
Wm. M. Chewning, Fayette Co., Tenn.
JOHN A. LEA, Memphis, Tenn.
I. J. WALKER, Fayette Co., Tenn.

MORRIS, LEA & CO.,

Cotton Factors,

Grocers and Commission Merchants

225 Second Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : : : TENNESSEE.

Orders Promptly Filled.

nov9 1m

REMOVAL.

J. S. Shaw & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, IRON & STEEL,

STOVES AND CASTINGS,

233 SECOND STREET.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of Builders' Materials, Blacksmiths' and Carpenters' Tools, Wagons, Drays, Farming Implements and Mills.

WE BUY FOR CASH, Sell at small profits, and flatter ourselves that we can offer superior inducements to all wanting Goods in our line.

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FRENCH DRESS GOODS,

NEW TRIMMINGS,

NEW BUTTONS,

OF THEIR OWN IMPORTATION.

These Goods are Elegant, Desirable and Cheap.

We invite our Customers to give them their immediate attention.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY,

Hartford, Conn.

JULY 1, 1867.

ASSETS—AT MARKET VALUE:

Cash on hand and in bank	$515,886 59
Real Estate	48,991 00
Mortgage Bonds	695,500 00
Bank Stock	1,208,400 00
United States, State and City Stocks, and other public securities	1,981,958 88
Less liabilities, claims not due and unadjusted	$4,650,938 27 377,668 46
Net assets	$4,273,269 81

Fire and Inland Navigation Risks.

Agencies in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to. H. A. LITTLETON & CO.,
nov9 Agents.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—

Commission Merchants,

No. 266 Front St., Memphis.

JNO. S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. P. M. MAHA.

STRICT attention paid to the STORAGE AND SALE OF COTTON, and instructions regarding same strictly observed. Our facilities for the handling of Cotton are unsurpassed, and we invite especial attention to this branch of our business, feeling assured of our ability to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

All shipments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, unless otherwise instructed.

Our stock of BAGGING, ROPE, IRON-TIES and PLANTATION SUPPLIES generally will always be found full and complete, and offered on as good terms as can be had in this market.

Thankful to our numerous patrons for the very liberal favors hitherto extended us, we respectfully ask a continuance of the same, pledging every effort on our part to give satisfaction by strict attention to the wants and interests of our customers.

Major J. BUSBY, whose connection with our house still continues, will be pleased to receive a call from his numerous friends when visiting the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER

Lessee and Manager.....W. C. THOMPSON
Stage Manager.....SHIRLEY H. FRANCE

First appearance of the popular and charming artiste, Miss LOTTA, who will appear in a round of her favorite impersonations.

MONDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 11th, 1867.

Will be given the charming French comedy, entitled the

Pet of the Petticoats.

Paul.....
Nan.....MISS LOTTA

To conclude with the great specialty,

Good for Nothing.

MISS LOTTA

CHANGE OF TIME.—Doors open at ¼ to 7; curtain to rise at 7½ precisely.

Prices as usual. Seats may be secured six days in advance. nov10

DANCING ACADEMY.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Memphis that he will open a DANCING ACADEMY in this place on SATURDAY, November 9th, in the Hall above Messrs. Mansfield & Co.'s Drug Store.

Instruction will be given in square and round Dances, comprising the latest and most fashionable Dances, such as Gavots, Scotch, Lancers, Prince Imperial, Caledonians, Temptie, Comilie, etc.

The undersigned has, for the last two years, been teaching in the principal cities in Virginia, and had, for the last two seasons, charge of the Ball Room at the Yellow Sulphur Springs, one of the most fashionable Summer resorts of the country; but has, at the solicitation of one Ladies and Gentlemen, resolved to open an academy in this place.

Classes will be given every TUESDAY and SATURDAY.

For Ladies, from 10 to 12 o'clock a.m.

For Misses and Masters from 3½ to 5½ o'clock p.m.

For Gentlemen, from 8 to 10 o'clock p.m.

A Session consists of three months of twenty-four lessons.

TERMS—$15 per Session.

☞ A Soiree Dansante will be given twice a month.

C. M. VAN EEKELEN.

REFERENCES.—Col. W. R. Hunt, Mr. R. S. Parham, Mr. Jas. M. Pettigrew, Mr. Peter Cousin, Mr. G. Falls, Dr. Frank Ramsay. nov9 5t

MEMPHIS ASSOCIATION COURSE

Fall Meeting, 1867.

THE Fall Meeting over this Course will continue Six Days,

Commencing on the

Eleventh Day of November, and Continue Six Days.

Three following races closed, by the named entries, on the 15th instant:

NURSERY STAKE.

G. W. Dillahunt enters General Duncan's br. f. Antelope, by Avalanche, dam Gazette, by imp. Albion.

Johnson & Douglass enter bk. f. Charlotte Thompson, by imp. Mickey Free, dam Ada Teris, by imp. Albion.

Johnson & Douglass enter s. c. Richelieu, by Jack Malone, dam the dam of Muggins, by Omera.

P. Mitchell enters br. c. Elgin, by Shelby, dam by imp. Emue; second dam the dam of Sooks.

General A. Buford enters br. c. by Lexington; dam thoroughbred but pedigree not known; dressed, gray and white.

W. S. Tremaine enters s. c. Bushwhacker, by Lexington, dam by Glencoe; dress red, white and blue.

Turner & Johnson enter br. c. Crystal, by Avalanche, dam Gun, by Cliff to Harold.

OPEN STAKE.

G. W. Dillahunt enters Gen. G. W. Harding's b. f. Duetta, by Highlander, dam Delta, by imp. Priam; 3 years old.

Johnson & Douglass enters c. t. by Jack Malone, dam Albino, by imp.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

JOHN H. BOWEN, present incumbent, is a candidate for re-election to the office of City Tax Collector, at the election to be holden in January next.

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election.
J. W. KING.
se7 te*

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. DURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March Election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. au1 te*

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—
The elegant new building No. 7 Howard's row, three stories high, with good cellar.
Apply to M. L. MEACHAM,
oct22 tf No. 9 Union street.

FOR RENT—
Store Houses Nos. 356 and 361 Shelby street.
Also, a large office in the Walker block.
Apply to THOS. H. COCKE,
oct5 tf 279½ Main street, up stairs.

FOR RENT—
I wish to rent 700 acres of rich Big Creek LAND, in the Northern portion of Shelby county, Tenn. It will be rented in large or small tracts. Address
CHAMBERLAYNE JONES, SR.,
oct5 1m* Care Wormeley, Jay & Co.

FOR RENT—
A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately.
oct5tf J. W. PAGE, JR.

TO RENT—
Two large and splendid Halls at No. 221 Second street, in Adams Block, suitable for literary associations, balls, private parties, clubs, lectures, fairs, etc. Will be rented reasonably. Inquire of M. Hill, Main street, Webster block, or Mdme. Liese, on the premises, from 7 to 10 o'clock p. m. se21

FOR RENT FOR THE YEAR 1868.

A SMALL FARM, in the immediate vicinity of Germantown, and not more than half a mile from the depot, containing some seventy-five acres, about half of which is cultivation, the balance in grove and timber, with a good and comfortable dwelling house, containing six rooms, with out houses, etc., a good spring of never failing water, and other appendages. Possession given on the 1st of January next and ending the 31st of December following. Apply to Henry T. Jones, living on a part of the place now occupied by
HENRY T. JONES.
no5 3aw1w

TO LEASE

FOR A TERM OF

FIVE YEARS,

THAT most desirable and centrally located Hotel, called "HOTEL DE EUROPE." The Furniture, of every kind, now used in the Hotel, will be sold with the Lease if desired. For terms of Lease apply at the office of
KENNY & PORTER.
Real Estate Agents, Kit Williams' block.
oct 1f Corner Second and Madison Sts.

FOR RENT

STORES and OFFICES in Bethell's New Building, on the corner of Main and South Court streets. Apply in the building to P. C. BETHELL, or S. F. WALKER, JR., in rooms No. 1 and 2.
my22 tf

WANTS.

WANTED—
A situation as Assistant Bookkeeper or Salesman by a young man born and raised in the community. Best of references given. Address H. C., Appeal Office.
oct7 1w

WANTED—THE PATENT

AURORA OIL.

We want men every where to study their own INTEREST. The right to manufacture and sell the Patent Aurora Oil in a single county will make more money to the purchaser in three months than the largest farm in your State will make in a whole year. The Aurora Oil sells at less than one-half the price of Coal Oil, and the illuminating power of the Aurora Oil is as much superior to the Coal Oil as the Coal Oil is to a tallow candle, and is NO MORE explosive than a tallow candle. Any Lamp that will burn Coal Oil will burn the Aurora Oil. It does not smoke the chimney it does not smell—it will not grease or stain the finest linen—not even white cloth. The material for its manufacture is inexhaustible. One man can make seventy-five barrels per day. No machinery required. We will pay your fare to and from the city of Memphis and Sills while here, if we cannot prove all, and even more, than we have stated. A single county is a small fortune to the man of enterprise, and the right to a State is untold worth.
For further information, call on or address
H. C. Dewitt & Co.,
24 Madison street, corner Main,
jy19 Memphis, Tenn.

FOR SALE.

VALUABLE RIVER PLANTATION

FOR

SALE or RENT.

THE farm known as the Richardson place, in Tipton county, Tenn., five miles below Randolph, containing 926 acres, of which 450 acres are cleared and under a fine state of cultivation. There are on the place a comfortable dwelling h use and negro cabins, a good ait house, and all necessary outhouses. Terms reasonable, and all necessary outhouses. Terms reasonable, Apply to Ashe, McLennan & Co., 284 Front st., Memphis, or to the undersigned at Covington, Tennessee.
J. R. PALMER.
no5 1m

FOR SALE.

Four Hundred Acres of Fine Land,

ONLY fifty acres cleared, balance heavily timbered; most of it above overflow, situated on Loosa Hatchie river, three miles north of Raleigh.
Terms of purchase are very favorable
Apply to FINIS BURROW,
Raleigh, Tenn.,
Or to L. O. RIVES, Attorney at Law, Exchange Building, Memphis, Tenn. no3 1m

RESIDENCE FOR SALE.—The undersigned offers for Sale the Residence of the late Dr. W. H. Haines, in the Town of Hernando, DeSoto county, Miss. There is on the premises a large and commodious Frame Building, with all necessary Out-houses, Stables, Orchards, etc., and situated near the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad depot. For further information address the undersigned at Hernando, Miss.
W. A. RAINES,
oct9 1m* Administrator.

FOR SALE—

A good Second-hand BUGGY and HARNESS (little used) will be sold cheap. Apply to Taylor, Gay & Rutland, 304 Front street, or
au23 tf W. S. BRUCE & CO., Monroe street.

Land For Sale.

AN undivided one-half interest in 50,000 acres of Red river bottom land, in Lafayette and Sevier counties, Arkansas.
This interest, the title to which is perfect, will be sold at a low figure, for one-third cash and the remainder at one and two years, without interest.
Also, 3200 acres of magnificent Arkansas river bottom land, above all overflow, and the finest body of land in the State, in Crawford county, Arkansas.
These lands will be sold together or in parcels, for cash.
Apply to PIKE & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law,
mb3-tf 293 Main street, Memphis

PLANTATION AND NEW STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE.

A RARE CHANCE FOR A PAYING INvestment. The plantation is known as the town of "Lake Bluff," on White river, Ark., 18 miles above the Memphis and Little Rock railroad crossing, containing between one four and five hundred acres, about one hundred cleared (15 feet above the late overflow), the remainder heavily timbered, together with the whole or half interest in a NEW STEAM SAW MILL, (forty horse power), Engine, Blacksmith's Shop, Carpenter's Tools, Wagons and all necessary appurtenances for running the same. There is a fine Mansion with nine rooms, a Cistern, (capacity 600 gallons), three Cabins, a Warehouse, two good Wood Yards, and the best landings on the river. The above will be sold at low figures and on easy terms. For further particulars address
MRS. M. E. H.
my4 tf Appeal Office

NOTICES.

NOTICE—
To all whom it may concern:
I will, on the first day in December next, apply for letters of administration on the estate of Jahiel Jones, deceased.
J. H JONES.
November 8, 1867. no7 1w*

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Assets, over Six and a Half Million Dollars.

ISSUES Policies on all the different plans, and at as low rates as safety and prudence will justify. Takes a note for half the Premium, thereby saving one-half the usual cost of Insurance with the same sum in cash apart in all Cash Companies. Call and see its advantages, offered by the Agents at 284 Madison street, up-stairs.
oct 8m MOORE & WEST, Agents.

Three-fourths of the Profits Returned to the Policy Holders in the

Georgia Home Insurance Co.,

OF COLUMBUS, GA.

[INCORPORATED 1859.]

Cash Capital and Surplus, - - $400,000

LIBERAL CONDITIONS—EQUITABLE Rates, and Prompt Settlements. Parties Insuring in this company will get their proportion of profits in scrip, which will be taken at par value on notes.
MOORE & WEST, Agents.
27½ Madison street.

SOUTHERN

TRIMMING EMPORIUM

JAMES G. MOFFATT,

347 Main St., South of Union,

IMPORTER OF

Ladies' Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
French and German Buttons,
Fancy Goods, Notions,
Zephyr Worsted,
Worsted Patterns,
Real Laces, English Hosiery,
Toys, French Corsets.

Agent for the celebrated

Boulevard Hoop Skirts!

NOTICE

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—That I will apply at the November term of the County Court of Shelby county, Tenn., for letters of administration on the estate of Fred. Boerfid, deceased.
F. PFEMPERT.
oct3 1w*y

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Madison Street.

SUNDAY, : : : : NOVEMBER 10, 1867.

CITY MATTERS.

CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH.—There will be preaching this morning at eleven o'clock; also the holy sacrament. Rev. J. T. C. Collins, pastor.

RELIGIOUS.—There will be preaching at the Christian Church to-day, at the usual hours, by Elder T. W. Caskey.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Mr. Miller has recovered from his recent severe illness in Kentucky, whither he had gone for his family, has returned to the city and will preach in the First Baptist Church today at the usual hours.

THE session of the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, urgently request a full attendance at 11 a. m. There will be services of an interesting character, and a name presented for approval as Pastor. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

PERSONAL.

John C. Dent, Esq., who has been appointed United States Weigher of cotton for this district (the 8th), arrived in the city yesterday with his wife and child, and is stopping at the Gayoso House. Mrs. Dent is a sister of Gen. Grant.

John Ainslie, Esq., Business Manager of this paper, left last night by the Mississippi and Tennessee railroad for New Orleans, on a brief business trip.

GRADING.—Contractors who are fond of delving in mother earth will find Peyton's notice interesting.

A FINE PLACE.—A splendid farm of 960 acres eight miles south of Grenada is advertised in this morning's issue for sale by S. M. Hawkins, agent. This will prove a good investment for any one desiring a good home.

COUNTRY DUCKS.—Three gay and festive darkies, known as Andy Brown, Philip Low and Stephen Burrow, were found guilty yesterday by Justice Carroll, of grand larceny and sent up in default of bail.

THE following telegrams remain uncalled for in the office: J. R. Christian & Co., McCombs & Co., Harris, Hunt & Co., Chas. F. Smith, Capt. N. G. Green, Shane, Bell & Co., T. H. Church, Taylor, Randle & Hunt.

SENT UP.—Augustus Lealy, one of the colored species, charged with grand larceny, was before Justice Henrich yesterday, and sent up. Joe Harniss, another of the same breed, was served in the same way by Mr. Justice Black.

THE ALLEN HOUSE.—This hotel, situated on the corner of Second and Washington streets, is one of the best in the Southwest. The boys are always on hand to welcome guests, while the proprietress sees that they are comfortably cared for.

DAMAGED.—Yesterday evening a horse attached to a light spring wagon, and a driver unfurnished, came up out of Jefferson street, and down Main, at a furious rate of speed. Opposite Court square he was brought to a stand still by the upsetting of the wagon, which was considerably damaged.

NOBODY KILLED.—Yesterday evening quite a crowd gathered around the workmen who were putting in the last blocks of the diagonal section of the pavement in the crossing of Adams street. Many persons were attracted thither by the large gathering of "overseers," thinking there was a man killed, or that a dog fight was in progress.

GAS FITTING.—By reference to our advertising columns, on the second page, it will be seen that Messrs. Pullen & Hammock, 273 Main street, have just received a select assortment of gas fixtures, comprising chandeliers, pendants, brackets, etc. Those desiring to refit, no matter in what company, should not fail to look at their stock.

WILLIAM H. ANDREWS.—The card of this old and reliable firm appears in our columns this morning. He has been established here so long and his dealings have been so extensive and have given such general satisfaction as to preclude the necessity of any recommendation from us. See card elsewhere.

MORRIS, LEA & CO.—Attention is directed to the card of Messrs. Morris, Lea & Co., cotton factors, produce and commission merchants, No. 225 Second street. Their stock is new and of the choicest quality, and they give particular attention to the sale of cotton. We commend them to the public.

AS USUAL.—Our young friend A. Y. Allen, Esq., still holds forth at Mack Bros. & Bohm, and our friends needing dry goods will do well to give him a call. He is a genial gentleman, and intelligent salesman, and never fails to make an impression—especially on his lady customers.

ACCIDENT.—An accident occurred at McGarvey's saw mill yesterday morning. A laborer named Collins had his leg badly cut. The physician feared it would end in a case of lockjaw. The wounded man was (by order of Health Officer) sent to the City Hospital. Dr. Keller amputated the limb. Small hopes are entertained of the recovery of Collins.

COMMISSION.—Attention is directed to the card of W. P. Wright, successor to Wright & Wilcox, storage, forwarding and general commission merchant, for the purchase and sale of every variety of produce, at No. 3 Promenade street. Mr. Wright is thoroughly familiar with this business, and will give satisfaction to his customers. Consignments and orders respectfully solicited.

A GOOD HOUSE.—Among the many good and substantial houses of Memphis in the commission and grocery business, stands the proverbially correct and enterprising firm of Messrs. Lacey & McGhee, 222 Front street. They have a reputation that extends throughout this section of country, and is based upon their rigid adherence to the highest principles of commercial honor.

A GOOD HOTEL.—We had the pleasure yesterday of meeting on the streets our old friend Allen, with whom we accepted an invitation to dine at his hotel, the Allen House, and it gives us pleasure to say that the fare was the best of the season, and the attendence all that could be wished for.

OBITUARY.—Among the many who were stricken down by the late prevailing epidemic in New Orleans, was little Willie Goodman, aged nine years; as bright and intelligent a boy as ever we had the good fortune to know. During his last hours he spoke most affectionately of his parents and desired their young and innocent, to be resigned, be parted in peace, and has gone to join the loved ones in a brighter and happier sphere.

CHOICE FAMILY SUPPLIES.—Our friends, Messrs. Lilly & Brother, have removed their supply of family groceries to the northwest corner of Union and Second streets, where they will meet their customers in their usual urbane and accommodating style. They have one of the choicest assortments of goods in their line, including wines, liquors and ales, and will always deal on the square with friends and foes. See their advertisement.

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The select school for boys, so au-piciously commenced by Prof. Ellis, on the 23d of July at the Central Methodist Church, which has been suspended during the prevalence of the epidemic, will be resumed to-morrow, (Monday,) the 11th inst. A few pupils may gain admission by early application. Professor Ellis refers, among his patrons, to Gols. Molloy, Eldridge, Boone, Holloway and Martin; also, Gen. Williams, T. H. Allen, Esq., Dr. Mann, and others.

RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—Shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday morning two passenger trains on the Mississippi Central Railroad collided one mile south of Grenada. The north bound train was standing on the main track when run into. Both engines were badly damaged. Some five or six cars were injured—draw heads drove in and platforms demolished. Fortunately no one was killed. A negro brakeman named Jim, had his leg broken. The track was speedily cleared and the trains are running to-day as usual.

MATRIMONIAL.—The following marriage licenses were returned for the past week: Reuben Pope and Risella Pope, 30th October; John Mosley Wiley and Sophia Johnson, 2d November; Washington Pope and Mary Ann Pope, 2d November; Anthony Pope and Mary Pope, 30th October; Charles Galeus and Miss Mary M. Williams; Michael Nolan and Mrs. L. E. Jennings, 1st November; Chas. A. Waldemar and Caroline Abbe Riehl, 5th November; G. T. Miller and Mrs. Sarah Reeves, 2d November; Wm. Rueshhaupt and Miss Annie Mehrenahl, 5th October; Thos. Glynn and Miss Mary E. P. Yoen, 31st October.

PHŒNIX (HARTFORD) LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.—This well established and most reliable Company is represented here at No. 16 Jefferson street, by our popular fellow-citizen, S. D. McClure, Esq., who, since he has held the agency, has been highly successful in advancing its business and familiarizing our people with the excellence of the institution. The "Phœnix" stands second to none, and has long held a front place in the front rank of Insurance Companies. Its inducements are great, its policies on the most approved plan, and its payments always punctual. Mr. McClure is not so crowded with business that he cannot afford to give particular attention to the calls of his numerous friends, who may need his services.

OUR BUSINESS MEN.

THE FIRM OF EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT.

Grand Opening of the Most Magnificent China, Glassware, Queensware and House Furnishing Establishment in the South.

321 Main Street.

Ladies passing to and fro on the east side of Main street, between Union and Monroe, during the past week, were attracted by massive guilt signs on the opposite side, extending from the roof to the awning of a partly four-story building, and bearing the words—QUEENSWARE—CHINA—GLASSWARE—HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS—EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT—323.

"Ah," said the ladies to each other, "there must be something beautiful in there—something rich and costly—something in the house-furnishing way grander than we have ever seen before; otherwise there would not be such a display outside, for "outward show" after all, notwithstanding the opinion of Shakspeare, gives token of a majesty of taste and enterprise. We must visit this store when it opens, and feast our eyes with its glittering novelties. We are glad to see our young men thus branching in extensive business. We must patronize them, and help to make Memphis, our beloved home, as great a place as possible. Why shouldn't we assist 'our own' before strangers? And don't we all know the kind-hearted Mr. Eastland, the obliging Mr. Lloyd, (formerly in partnership with Mr. Eyrich), and the sprightly Mr. Gilbert, (son of an old resident, Dr. Gilbert). These are surely 'our own,' and we are certain their stock will be magnificent."

The ladies were right, for the doors of No. 321 Main were opened yesterday, and the public eye fell on the most brilliant, unique and chastely adorned stock of statuary, china, glassware, queensware, and house-furnishing goods ever exhibited in the South. It was a grand sight, and many were the compliments passed on our friends W. H. Eastland, S. S. Lloyd and Lewis R. Gilbert, the proprietors, for their good taste, judgment and enterprising spirit. But the stock itself, exquisite as it is, did not monopolize the attention of ladies and gentlemen assembled in large numbers to witness its beauties; the manner in which it was displayed and arranged and decorated claimed its share of inspection, and drew forth frequent bursts of "beautiful!—beautiful!" from the admiring throng. And no wonder, for the

FIRST FLOOR

is the Paris Exposition on a small scale, confined to one or two classes of the manufacturing art in their most superb styles and elegant varieties. As you enter from the street on a smooth carpeted floor, one hundred and fifty feet long, your eye is immediately directed to eight sections, four on each side, of elaborate rosewood cases, rising nearly the entire height of the walls, handsomely domed, with large crystal plates in front, serving as windows, through which are seen samples of all costly articles in the establishment. Each section of these rosewood cases contain five apartments, furnished with sliding doors, which are easily moved backward or forward, giving customers access to the shelves within, enabling them to handle and examine without the slightest inconvenience, such articles as they wish to purchase. Nothing could be more cozy, elegant or advantageous. Then the eye moves toward the ceiling, and views with delight the various frescoed figures which the painter's skill has spread over it; and in its downward course the sight is checked on the appearance of twelve broad globes of flowered glass to illumine the store at night and shed a sparkling brilliancy through the crystal plates of the rosewood cases. But a ray of pleasing plaster of paris eyes and a sunburst of gratitude plays on the lips when the lady visitors behold in the middle of the floor a number of neat round tables, covered with damask, about which are placed comfortable chairs, giving the store the air, elegance and accommodation of a drawing room. "Ah," say they, "here we can sit at ease, lay down our parasols and gloves on these little tables, swing around our chairs to view the novelties, and talk to each other at our equalities without disturbance. This is indeed a treat; and how kind it was in Messrs. Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert to procure this furniture for our special use. Let us now look at the articles in the rosewood cases. What a splendid stock, imported, their choicest selections from England, France and Belgium, *via* New Orleans. Everything is here that might adorn the palaces of Queen Victoria or the Empress Eugenia. What delightful dinner sets, of all patterns! Was there ever such a sight, and many were the compliments passed on our friends W. H. Eastland, S. S. Lloyd and Lewis R. Gilbert, the proprietors, for their good taste, judgment and enterprising spirit. But the stock itself, exquisite as it is, did not monopolize the attention of ladies and gentlemen assembled in large numbers to witness its beauties; the manner in which it was displayed and arranged and decorated claimed its share of inspection, and drew forth frequent bursts of "beautiful!—beautiful!" from the admiring throng. And no wonder, for the

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BASEMENT

reveals a new feature of "stowing away" heavy packages, being nothing less than a RAILROAD TRACK, over which large crates of glassware and other goods are moved with ease and facility on appropriate "cars." Here the eye rests on a vast array of crates and boxes filled with white granite and crockery ware from the best manufactories, comprising every article in that line known to the trade; stoneware of every description; jugs and jars; also yellow and Rockingham ware, such as pitchers, pie plates, baking pans, milk bowls, mugs, tird baths, chambers, bed pans, spittoons, soaps, covered butter jars, of various patterns. Churns of all sizes are also here in abundance, as well as other articles required in a dairy. A portion of this apartment is reserved as a PACKING ROOM, where the purchases of country merchants are "made up," "crated," or "boxed," in such a manner as to prevent damage during their "shipment" by railroad or river. The system is perfect in its way, and reflects great credit on Messrs. Eastland Lloyd & Gilbert, as it shows that they are not only enterprising and progressive, but ingenious and systematic. Such goahedativeness and business tact will certainly prosper in the world of trade.

Our people cannot but feel a deep interest in every addition to our mercantile neatness. We are rejoiced at the onward march of Memphis, and take great pleasure in recommending this new firm to our friends. It gives token that as soon as the political gloom hanging over us is driven away other branches of our Business Men will imitate the good example of enterprise set by Messrs. EASTLAND, LLOYD & GILBERT.

THE HEALTH.

Mortuary report for the week ending at 12 o'clock m.:

Mary A Lide, 14 years, female, white, yellow fever; M. Readgesky, 2 years, female, white, languitis; M. Rignodillio, 3 years, female, white, yellow fever; infant of T. Yager, 2 days, female, white; John Lehuer, 29 years, male, white, yellow fever; R. H. Cropper, 27 years, male, white, yellow fever; C. Aldman, 28 years, male, black, diarrhœa; J. J. Rudd, 16 years, male, white, and elegant varieties. As you enter from the street on a smooth carpeted floor, one hundred and fifty feet long, your eye is immediately directed to eight sections, four on each side, of elaborate rosewood cases, rising nearly the entire height of the walls, handsomely domed, with large crystal plates in front, serving as windows, through which are seen samples of all costly articles in the establishment. Each section of these rosewood cases contain five apartments, furnished with sliding doors, which are easily moved backward or forward, giving customers access to the shelves within, enabling them to handle and examine without the slightest inconvenience, such articles as they wish to purchase. Nothing could be more cozy, elegant or advantageous. Then the eye moves toward the ceiling, and views with delight the various frescoed figures which the painter's skill has spread over it; and in its downward course the sight is checked on the appearance of twelve broad globes of flowered glass to illumine the store at night and shed a sparkling brilliancy through the crystal plates of the rosewood cases. But a ray of pleasing plaster of paris eyes and a sunburst of gratitude plays on the lips when the lady visitors behold in the middle of the floor a number of neat round tables, covered with damask, about which are placed comfortable chairs, giving the store the air, elegance and accommodation of a drawing room. "Ah," say they, "here we can sit at ease, lay down our parasols and gloves on these little tables, swing around our chairs to view the novelties, and talk to each other at our equalities without disturbance. This is indeed a treat; and how kind it was in Messrs. Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert to procure this furniture for our special use. Let us now look at the articles in the rosewood cases. What a splendid stock, imported, their choicest selections from England, France and Belgium, *via* New Orleans. Everything is here that might adorn the palaces of Queen Victoria or the Empress Eugenia. What delightful dinner sets, of all patterns! Was there ever such a sight, and many were the compliments passed on our friends W. H. Eastland, S. S. Lloyd and Lewis R. Gilbert, the proprietors, for their good taste, judgment and enterprising spirit. But the stock itself, exquisite as it is, did not monopolize the attention of ladies and gentlemen assembled in large numbers to witness its beauties; the manner in which it was displayed and arranged and decorated claimed its share of inspection, and drew forth frequent bursts of "beautiful!—beautiful!" from the admiring throng. And no wonder, for the

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FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, } MEMPHIS, November 9, 1867.

The money market is active, with a fair demand for exchange. Balances are kept up without resort to shipment, and cotton bills are taken at the usual rates—½ discount. In some instances bills on Boston, Providence and Baltimore are refused, however, and ⅜ to ½ discount is asked, but most of our banks are not making any difference in rates. Another of the forged drafts, purporting to be drawn by the First National Bank of this city has turned up to day. It was taken by a Virginia bank, whose cashier wrote to a friend in this city inquiring why it went to protest. Others will, no doubt, come to light daily. The amounts already found show that the rascals who uttered them have done a large and lucrative business.

Gold opened in New York to-day at 138¾, and closed at 138¾. Dealers buy here at 37@37½.

Silver, buying at 128@128½.

City Scrip is in better demand, and dealers buy at 6c, though little is offered. The selling rate depends on the amount wanted, and ranges from 6 to 6½.

County Warrants are weaker to-day. Brokers are slow to buy at 67@68. The selling rate, however remains at 70c.

Police Scrip is in demand at 74c by dealers, selling at 80c.

The recent losses by banks and by individuals have made manifest a want of care by both banks and individuals, and with a view to mutual protection, as well to shut off as far as possible temptations to crime by loose practices of depositors, the following wise and timely suggestions have been prepared, and are being pasted in the books of depositors by all of the banks in Philadelphia:

CARD

"You are requested to make your deposits in the bank as early in the day as you conveniently can.

"It is recommended, for your safety and protection, that you have one particular person to do your business at the bank, who shall be competent to take charge of the money and papers you intrust to his care, and sufficiently intelligent to understand and properly deliver the messages and explanations you may have occasion to send. Also,

"That you write or stamp over your indorsement, upon all checks which you send to be deposited to your credit in bank the words, "for deposit to our credit," which will prevent their being used for any other purpose.

"It is recommended that you keep a regular check-book, and not suffer it to be seen or examined by those who have no right to do so—that you do not draw a check upon the bank except it be taken from your own check-book—that you draw as few checks as possible—and that when you have several small sums to pay away, you draw one check for the whole, and take such notes and coins as will enable you to distribute the amount among those you intend it for.

DO NOT GIVE YOUR CHECKS TO STRANGERS.

"In case you should have a form of check engraved or printed for your special use, it is recommended that you carefully keep the engraved plate in your own custody, and send but few impression of the check which is made from the plate or the types.

"It is desired that all your checks for large amounts should be presented for payment by a person known to the paying-teller or the officers of the bank.

"It is particularly requested that you will destroy all your canceled checks as soon as they are returned to you by the bank; or, in case you desire to preserve them, that you will immediately deface or mutilate your signatures, in such manner as will prevent them being copied; and, afterward, that you will put the checks away so carefully that no one else can get possession of them.

"Attention to these recommendations and suggestions will go far to secure you and the bank from errors and losses.

NOTICE.

"In conformity with the rules adopted by all banks of this city, member of the Clearing-House association, you are hereby notified that you are held responsible as indorser for the non-payment of all checks upon other banks of this city, members of said Association, deposited by you as cash in this bank, until the close of the business day next succeeding that on which such checks are deposited. This bank receiving such checks only for collection on your account through the exchanges at the Clearing-House. Upon all other checks and drafts deposited by you as cash your responsibility as indorser continues until payment has been ascertained by this bank."

MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION

DEALERS IN

Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Uncurrent Money, Stocks, Bonds, Land Warrants, Police, City and County Scrip, Etc., Etc.

No 16 Jefferson Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENN.

TENNESSEE.	Buying Rate
Bank of Tennessee	28
" W. Tenn.	40
Chattanooga	10
Middle Tenn	90
City Bank	60
Merchant's Bank	95
Northern Bank	50
"	40
Planters' "	98
Union "	80
Shelbyville "	80
Southern "	20
Traders' "	40
ALABAMA.	
Bank of Mobile	95
" Montgomery	45
" Selma	30
Commercial Bank	5
Eastern "	42
Northern "	35
Central "	6
Southern "	95
NORTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	20
" Clarendon	2
" Commerce	12
" Fayetteville	7
" Lexington	10
" N. Carolina	40
" Wadesboro'	20
" Washington	10
" Wilmington	18
" Yancey ville	5
Commercial Bank	18
Farmers' B'k of N. C.	20
Merchants' Bank	40
Miners & Plant'rs B'k	25
LAND WARRANTS	
40 acres, war 1812	38
80 " "	80
120 " "	100
160 " "	140
160 " not "	135
BONDS.	
M. & C. R. R. bonds	75
M. & C. R. R. coupons	85
M. & O. R. R. bonds	22
M. & O. R. R. coupons	22
Tenn. bonds, old	66
" " new	64
Tenn. coupons	70
Miss. C. R. R. 1st m'tg 6's	85
" " 2d "	60
Memp's City b'nds	45
" " coupons	55

Georgia.	Buying Rate
Augusta L. & R. Co	5
Bank of Augusta	50
" Athens	40
" Columbus	7
" Commerce	6
" Fulton	40
" Ep're State	20
" Middle Ga	12
" Savannah	85
State of Ga	12
Cent'l R. R. B'k Co	85
City B'k of Augusta	25
Fl'm's & M'ch's	10
Ga. R. R. & B'k Co	95
Marine Bank	95
Merch'ts & Pl'rs B'k	5
Planters' Bank	12
Union Bank	12
Mechanic's Bank	2
Man'fact'rs "	12
SOUTH CAROLINA.	
Bank of Camden	30
" Charleston	15
" Chester	7
" Georgetown	12
" Hamburg	5
" Newbury	30
" S. Carolina	10
" State, old p'ar'd	5
" State, new "	5
Commercial Bank	5
Exchange Bank	10
F'm'rs & Exch'ge	10
Merchants' Bank	5
People's Bank	40
Planters' "	6
Planf'rs & M'ch's B'k	5
South W. R. R.	22
State Bank	2
Union "	40
FOREIGN EXCHANGE.	
Draft on England, Ireland and Scotland, ¼ @ ½ p. sterling.	
France, Switzerland & Belgium, ⅜ 55 france for $1 00.	
GERMANY.	
Bremen $1.16 for 1 gold thaler	
Berlin, $1.07 for 1 Prussian thaler	
Frankfort, 61¾c for 1 guilder	
Sweden, 41¾c for one rixdollar	

The New York cotton market opened quiet and firm, with Middling at 19c, and Orleans 20@20½c. At noon there was a moderate demand with prices firm and unchanged, and at 4 p.m. the demand was moderate and holders firm at unchanged quotations. Sales for the day, 1600 bales. Receipts for the week, 16,500 bales. Sales for the same time, 30,000 bales. Exports 10,000; and stock on hand, 90,000 bales. The receipts at all ports for the week were 61,505 bales, and total receipts at all ports since the 1st of September, 396,353 bales. Our market was quiet throughout—in fact a regular Saturday one. Two or three buyers were out, but they were not coming up to holders' views, who asked 18¾c for Middling. The sales for the day, which were light, were made all the way from 16 to 16½c, and Strict, in some instances, was bought at our outside figure for Middling. The market closed as follows:

Ordinary	nominal
Good Ordinary	14½@15
Low Middling	15¾@16
Middling	16¾@16¾
Strict Middling	16¾@17
Good Middling	17¾@18

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand Sept. 1	1,680
Received to-day	2,801
Received previously	36,409 — 39,210
	40,290
Exported to-day	1,117
Exported previously	29,681 — 31,598
Stock on hand	8,692
Receipts for the week	11,709
Exports for the week	8,131

The market to-day was active and prices are but little changed. Meal's are in good demand, but the weakness which set in early in the week has not yet abated. The packing season has commenced at Louisville, Cincinnati and at St. Louis, and will be active with the advent of cold weather. Some packers tried the ice system of cooling early in the season, which was not very successful, and some of the meats thus cured have found their way to this market. Mess pork is in good supply, with a moderate demand, at $23 25 50 in round lots. Clear sides are declining. Merchants buy but lightly, for immediate use, and are evidently looking for a further fall in prices. A few casks were sold to-day at 17¾@17¾c. Shoulders are in light supply and demand. They sell slowly at 14¾@14¾c; clear bulk sides, 16¾@17c; breakfast bacon, 18@18½c; plain hams, 20c; sugar cured, 23@23c. Corn is scarce; no lots in market; it would sell readily at $1 10@1 16 on the landing; ear corn is held by retailers who sell at $1@1 05 from store; on landing a round lot would sell at 87@90. Oats are in fair supply and firm at 75@75c. Bran scarce with light demand at $20 from store. Some parties hold at $16@17 from landing. Hay is held at $28@29 on landing, and $30@32 from store. Meal is scarce, but the demand is entirely local, selling at $2 50 at the landing and $3 delivered. Apples are plentiful, while the demand is light, except for choice; and in this connection we may as well say to shippers that only choice articles of any kind are in demand in this market. Those who send any other will no find it a successful speculation. Apples rang from $3 to $6 per barrel. A lot of 500 bbls New York pippins were offered in fashion during the day at $4@4 50. Eggs are again scarce, and are in demand at 32c. Potatoes are in at $4@4 50 per barrel, and in sacks at $1 25 to $1 65 per bushel. There is a demand for sweet potatoes for shipment. They sell at 75c per bushel from wagon. Chickens are in fair supply at $4 to $4 50 for old and young. Onions are scarce and firm at $4 75 to $5 25 per bbl. Cement $4 75 to $5 per bbl. Butter is coming in more freely; Goshen, 43@45c; choice western, 38@40c; good 30@33c; common, not in demand. Sage ging in good demand at 27@28c for India, 25@27c for Kentucky power, and 24@25c for hand made. Flour quiet; superfine $7 50 @ $9 50; XX $10@12 50; XXX $13@14; fancy brands $14 50@16 50. Mackerel in good supply: No. 1 half bbls $10 50@11; No. 2 $8 50@9; No 1 kit, $2 25@3; No. 2, $2 50@75. No. 3 $2 25@2 50. Molasses firm at 70@80c for St. Louis rebolled; no New Orleans or consequence in market; syrup, $1@1 50. Sugar firm 18½@19c for white crushed, and powdered and coffee sugars at 17¾@18½c; brown 14@17c. Rio Coffee, fair to choice, 24@27c. Cuff 1 lime $2 25@2 50; Cape Lime, $2 25@2 50. Western reserve cheese, 18½@19c; factory, 17½@18c; English dairy, 18½@19c. Common whisky $1 75@2; imitation Bourbon, $2 25@3; Bourbon, $3@5.

Wagon and Carriage Material

Corrected Daily by Woodburn, Smith & Co., Nos. 114 and 116 Green street, St. Louis.

Buggy wheels	$13 00@15 00
Buggy wheels, Sarven's patent	— @ 25 25
Wagon wheels	— @ 18 00
Buggy hubs, per set	1 25@1 50
Wagon hubs, do	1 40@4 00
Buggy spokes, do	3 00@5 00
Wagon spokes, do	2 75@3 75
Bent felloes, do	1 80@3 80
Sawed felloes, do	1 50@3 75
Buggy shafts, per pair	— @5 00
Buggy poles, each	— @ 90
Wagon single tree and N. Yoke, do	2 00@2 25
Plow handles, per dozen	2 00@2 25
Buggy beds, each	14 00@17 50

ao8 dawsim

Books.

LAW BOOKS,
School Books,
Novels,

And a Fine stock of Stationery, AT

C. C. CLEAVES & CO.'S,

No. 312 Second street,

oc13 1m — Corner of Monroe

GEO. C. HOLMES, Memphis. — W. M. WHARTON, Late of Madison co. Ga.

HOLMES & WHARTON,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

36 Madison Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments so united as to insure liberal advances made on all goods in store. Orders filled promptly and at lowest prices. se27 2m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,

COMMISSION

—AND—

Forwarding Merchants,

Wholesale Dealers in

Imported and Domestic

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,

No. 276 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of

Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies.

Also, the Celebrated

BAVARIAN BITTERS.

oc12

D. H. EVANS,

IMPORTER

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES, LIQUORS

AND CIGARS,

No. 14 Monroe St., Memphis, Tenn.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,

WHOLESALE

Liquor Dealers,

281 : MAIN STREET : 281

Memphis, : : : Tennessee.

jan23 tf

J. J. SMITH, — JNO. L. LEECH.

SMITH & LEECH,

Rectifiers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers,

342 Second Street.

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TO THE TRADE ONLY.

HAVING erected a large and extensive Rectifying establishment, we are prepared to supply our customers with a superior article of Whiskies on as good terms and at as low prices as can be bought in any market.

oc5 oc13 3m

A. VACCARO, S. VACCARO. — M. MAGEVNEY, JR. A. B. VACCARO.

NOTICE.

A. VACCARO & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.,

324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.

my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.

NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

RHENISH & FRENCH WINES,

LIQUORS,

Foreign Fruits,

AND PRODUCE.

No. 262 Second Street,

OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'

CELEBRATED

BAVARIAN BITTERS,

The best Bitters in the market as a

TONIC AND APPETIZER.

NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,

276 Front Row.

F. LANE, J. H. MARTIN, J. W. LANE.

F. LANE & CO.,

Cotton Factors

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

Cor. Union and Front Streets,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

LIBERAL Cash Advances made on Consignments, and special attention given to filling orders.

se15 3m

W. C. RUTLAND, Of DeSoto Co., Miss. — W. M. GAY, Memphis.

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—

TAYLOR, GAY & RUTLAND,

Grocers, Cotton Factors

AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 304 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Mosby & Hunt's Block,

☞ Strict attention to the Sale and Storage of COTTON, Iron Ties, and other Plantation Supplies, se15 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS, J. L. WEBB, J. L. RAWLINGS.

J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 254 Front Street.

UP STAIRS, - - MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ We will sell COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us

STORAGE, FORWARDING & COMMISSION.

J. C. FORBES & CO.,

Nos. 45 & 47 Front st. and 46 & 48 Fulton st.,

NEW ORLEANS, LA.,

General Commission Merchants.

FOR the sale of Cotton, Flour, Whisky, Corn, Tobacco, and all kinds of Western Produce. Having an Internal Revenue Bonded Warehouse, we are prepared to handle "Whisky" and "Manufactured Tobacco" in bond, thus offering superior inducements to shippers of those articles.

Liberal advances on all consignments.

ROBERT BLACK, Late Black & Pittman. — Z. N. ESTES, Late Horton, Estes & Co.

BLACK, ESTES & CO.,

Successors to Horton, Estes & Co.

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

Office, 1 and 2 Cooper Block, No. 11 Monroe Street, corner Center Alley,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Bagging, Rope and all Supplies furnished at the lowest rates. Liberal cash advancements made on Cotton in store or in transit. Regular legitimate rates charged for all business done. se6 3m

E. P. BATES & CO.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

—AND—

General Commission Merchants.

Office—No. 276 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

sep18 3m — se24

E. M. APPERSON, — C. V. RAMBAUT.

E. M. APPERSON & CO.,

Cotton Factors

GROCERS AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 238½ Front and 6 Jefferson Sts.,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

A LARGE stock of Plantation Supplies, Bagging, Rope, Ties, etc., for sale to customers on usual terms. oc12 1m

J. L. VERSER, — A. HATCHETT.

VERSER & HATCHETT,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants

320 Front Street,

MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.

BAGGING, Rope and Ties furnished to customers at lowest market prices.

se6 dawtf

I. B. MERCER, Shelby County. — JOHN N. WARE, Late Rice, Ware & Engel.

F. H. TALLEY, Late Agent M. & C. R. R.

MERCER, WARE & TALLEY,

COTTON FACTORS,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

No. 194 Main Street,

Cor. of Washington, MEMPHIS, TENN.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. MR. L. P. COULTER is still with us. se28 1f

BANKS AND BANKING

P. C. BETHELL, President. — J. K. P. PRITCHARD, Cashier.

TENNESSEE

SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

BETHELL BUILDING,

Corner Court and Main Streets,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSACTS a General Banking Business. Receives Deposits, Deals in Gold, Silver, Exchange, Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Uncurrent Money. Collections promptly attended to.

DIRECTORS:

JNO. C. LANIER, President. — W. H. CHERRY, President Gayoso Savings Institution. — Geni Merchants' National Bank.

JAS. ELDER, President. — P. C. BETHELL, DeSoto Bank. — J. K. P. PRITCHARD.

se29 3m

Planters' Bank Notes.

IN accordance with an act of the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, approved December 12, 1866, entitled an act "To expedite the distribution of the effects of Banks which have or may make assignments among their creditors," notice is hereby given to the holders of the notes of the Planters' Bank of Tennessee to present them to the undersigned at the Bank in Nashville for payment between now and the first day of January, 1869, or they will be forever barred.

1927 Ua1.1868 — D. WEAVER, Trustee.

PEOPLE'S BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS.

No. 12 Madison Street.

F. W. SMITH, : : : President.

D. A. SHEPHERD, : : : Cashier.

my22 tf

THE DeSOTO BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

NO. 20 MADISON STREET.

JAMES ELDER, - - - - President.

W. H. WOOD, - - - Vice-President.

T. R. FARNSWORTH, - - - - Cashier.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF TENNESSEE,

MEMPHIS.

J. W. PAGE, Jr., : : : : President.

M. R. GARTH, - - - - Cashier.

BANK BUILDING,

Corner Madison and Main Streets.

DOES A GENERAL

DEPOSIT AND EXCHANGE

BUSINESS;

—DEALS IN—

Coin, Uncurrent Money and Government Securities.

Collections from all points Solicited.

ap10 tf

GAYOSO SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE,

Banking House 19 Madison St.

This institution, organized in 1856, has been in continuous and successful operation for the past ten years, continues to transact a

GENERAL EXCHANGE AND BANKING BUSINESS.

Will Receive Deposits, Buy and Sell

Foreign & Domestic Exchange,

Gold, Silver and Uncurrent Money.

SELLS Exchange in sums to suit purchasers, on London and all leading cities of the United States, and will make collections on all accessible places in the North and West.

E. M. AVERY, Cashier.

JOHN C. LANIER, President.

qc2 3m

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

Depository and Financial Agent

—OF THE—

United States.

F. S. DAVIS, - - - - President.

R. C. BRINKLEY, - - Vice-President.

C. P. NORRIS, - - - Cashier.

T. W. JOHNSTON, - - Ass't Cashier.

MEMPHIS

GERMAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION,

NO. 16 — ADAMS STREET — NO. 16.

General Banking

—AND—

American and European

EXCHANGE BUSINESS.

D. PANTE, - - - - - - President.

FRED. WARNKE, - - - - - Cashier.

my22 tf

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS BANK,

No. 9 Madison St., Memphis, Tenn.,

J. LEVY, Pres't. — S. BORG, Cashier.

L. LEVY, V. P. — M. C. KOHN, Ass't Cash.

[Successors to Levy & Borg.]

—DEALS IN—

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC EXCHANGE,

Gold, Silver, Stocks, Bonds,

Government and Miscellaneous Securities

AND all descriptions of Uncurrent Funds. Deposits received subject to check. Collections solicited and promptly cared for. au1 tf

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK

OF MEMPHIS,

No. 298 Main Street.

NATHAN CORONNA, : : : President.

MARTIN GRIFFIN, : : : : Cashier.

J. J. JENNY, : : : : : Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

W. CORONNA,	JOHN DUTLINGER,
JOS SPECHT,	C. A. DAMMAN,
A. CORDES,	JACOB WELLER,
N. HOFFHEIMER,	NICH FRECH,
H. H. HAFER,	E. MEYER,
J. PHOFFMAN,	AND. RENKERT,
J. J. JENNY.	

Collections made on all accessible points in the Southwest.

Exchange for sale on principal cities of United States and on all principal cities of Europe.

au21

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you wish to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter Trade with the very best descriptions and styles of ALL WOOL CASSIMERES, and with the most durable JEANS and KERSEY FABRICS,

All Free from Shoddy and other Impurities,

Order Samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August. From these samples you can make your selections and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the Manufactory.

JOHN A. YOUNG, Pres't, Charlotte, N. C.

R. W. LAMB. — E. B. LAMB.

STORAGE

—BY—

R. W. LAMB & CO.,

—FOR—

Cotton and Merchandize Generally,

At Charleston Cotton Shed,

Corner of Adams St., and Charleston Avenue,

au30 tf — MEMPHIS, TENN.

LYONS, FIES & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,

240 Main Street, MEMPHIS, TENN.

H. LYONS, J. FIES, I. SARTORIUS. } PLANTATION SUPPLIES

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS

—OF THE—

Memphis Racing Association.

THE following resolution was unanimously adopted at a meeting of the directors of the Association held this day, (Monday) November 4th, at the Gayoso House:

Resolved, That a full call of stock be made on all stockholders, payable at the office of the Secretary, on the 20th Main street, on or before Saturday, 9th November.

JNO. DONOVAN, President.

A. D. GIBSON, Secretary.

N. B.—Stockholders, who have not paid their stock on the date above mentioned, will not receive the usual track privileges at the coming fall meeting. no6 5t

RAILROADS.

PASSENGERS,

TAKE NOTICE!

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARE

—BY THE—

"OLD RELIABLE" ROUTE.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON

RAILROAD,

—TO THE—

North and East,

—CARRYING THE—

Great Through Mail.

ONLY ALL RAIL ROUTE

—FROM—

Memphis to New York

Without Ferry or Omnibus changes or delay, and is one hundred and eighty-nine miles shorter to Washington, and ninety-eight miles shorter to New York than any other route,

From Memphis and all intervening points, to

Georgia, the Carolinas, Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Richmond.

Fare to New York, - - -	$38 25
do Washington - - -	31 25
do Baltimore - - -	35 25
do Philadelphia - - -	36 25
do Boston - - - -	45 00

TRAINS leave Memphis and Charleston Depot as follows: 6.40 a.m. This train arrives at Nashville

Eight Hours in Advance

Of any train leaving Memphis on same day. 6.10 p.m.—This train arrives at Nashville

Two Hours in Advance

Of Night Express by any other route. Smooth track, better equipments, and quicker time, than by any other route.

ELEGANT SLEEPING CARS

On all Night Trains.

Baggage checked through. Checks given at Holmes's car office, and are presented to us at the office of the Company.

Fare as Low as by Any Other Route.

Tickets to all parts can be procured at the general office of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad, 278 Main street, corner Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.

A. A. BARNES, Gen. Ticket Ag't.

G. W. UNDERHILL, Passenger Agent.

SAM. C. WEAVER, Ticket Agent. oc22

Quick Time

BY THE

NEW ROUTE TO NASHVILLE,

Memphis and Ohio, and Nashville and Northwestern Railroads, via McKenzie.

Commencing Tuesday, Oct. 1.

TRAINS for Nashville will leave Depot head of Main street as follows:

Evening Express leaves Memphis at 4:30 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 6.40 a.m. next day. This train arrives at Nashville

Seven Hours and Forty-five Minutes

In advance of Evening Train from Memphis by any other route.

Night Express leaves Memphis at 11:00 p.m., and arrives at Nashville at 4:00 p.m. next day. This route is

Seventy-Eight Miles Shorter

To Nashville than via Decatur.

FARE REDUCED TO $12 00.

Through Tickets via Nashville to CHATTANOOGA, KNOXVILLE, ATLANTA, and all Principal Points in GEORGIA, ALABAMA and the CAROLINAS.

Fare as Low as by any Other Route.

Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at No. 237½ Main street, and at the Depot, Head of Main street.

M. GRIDLEY, Ticket Agent. — SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent.

OMNIBUSES of Memphis City Transfer Company call at all the principal Hotels bef. re the departure of Trains, and Check Baggage to all Points. By leaving orders at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, will call at any part of the city or steamboat landing.

JOHN H. JONES, Sup't M. C. T. Co.

October 1, 1867. oc1 tf

MEMPHIS AND OHIO RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE,

GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE } MEMPHIS, TENN., September 23, 1867. }

TRAINS will leave the Depot of this Company, at head of Main street, until further notice, as follows:

Louisville and Nashville Express

Leaves every day at 4:30 p.m., making close connection at Louisville with fast Express trains on Jefferson ville Railroad for all Eastern cities, and with United States Mail Steamers for Cincinnati and all cities North and East, and is the

Shortest and Quickest Route to Nashville.

NIGHT EXPRESS—Every night except Saturday night at 11 p.m., making close connection with Mobile and Ohio Railroad at Humboldt, and with Illinois Central Railroad for St. Louis, Chicago, St. Paul, and all points North, West and East, and at Louisville with Jeffersonville Railroad for all Northern and Eastern cities.

Cars Go Through Without Change.

Magnificent Sleeping Cars on all Night Trains. Baggage checked through to all important places. Persons holding Through Tickets can stop over at any point and resume journey at pleasure.

☞ Through Tickets and all information can be obtained at Ticket Office, 237½ Main street, and at Depot.

SAM. J. JONES, General Superintendent.

ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. oc1 tf

F. E. RADCLIFF,

Contractor and General Agent

FOR THE SALE OF

Stone Drain Pipe of all Sizes, Louisville Cement, Alabama Lime, Plaster of Paris, Etc.,

Has removed his office to

No. 39 Madison Street,

Between Main and Second,

WHERE he will attend to all orders promptly. Especial attention by experienced men given to all kinds of sewering. my5 tf

FASSMAN'S IRON TIES

—FOR—

COTTON BALES.

THE undersigned have made extensive arrangements to supply the demand for these Ties the present season.

In addition to the FASSMAN DIAMOND TIE and BUTTON TIE, so extensively used heretofore they now offer his ALLIGATOR TIE, with teeth so arranged as to instantly clamp the loop when the pressure is removed from the bale, and hold it without slipping.

Great pains have been taken to secure the best quality of iron.

These Ties are so simple in their arrangement that they can be applied by any one, to bales of any size, with the same facility and expedition as rope. In strength, security and facility of application, they will compare favorably with any yet introduced.

The advantages of Iron Ties are now generally recognized; but it is deemed not out of place to call the attention of those interested to the very simple construction of the Fassman Ties. Steamboat Captains, and Owners and Agents of Steamers and Sailing Vessels, recently published in the newspapers in New Orleans.

CHAMBERS & LATTING, No. 61 Carondelet street, N. O.

se22 mo6

NEW SHAKER PRESERVES

(Cherries, Strawberries, Peaches, etc.)

Preserved Canton Ginger, in Syrup;

" " Dry;

CRASS & BLACKWELL'S PICKLES—(Chowchow, Onions, Cauliflower, etc.)

New Peaches in Cans—2 and 3 lbs.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,

300 Main Street.

NEW BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

And fine SYRUP;

BARRISON FLOUR;

GRAHAM or UNBOLTED FLOUR;

SUGARS—all kinds.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,

300 Main Street.

MACKEREL—

No. 1 SHORE, BAY and MESS, all nice, for Family use.

NEW CODFISH;

NEW HERRING.

FINNIE, BUCKHAM & CHAPMAN,

oc31 — 300 Main Street.

OFFICE MEMPHIS GAYOSO GAS COMPANY, MEMPHIS, TENN., November 7, 1867.

To the Stockholders of the Memphis Gayoso Gas Company:

An additional call of twenty per cent. on the subscribed stock of the Company is hereby made payable at the Company's office, southwest corner of Main and Jefferson streets, on or before the 15th day of November, 1867.

JOHN DONOVAN, President.

GARLAND P. WARE, Secretary. nov8 10t

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. M. McCLURE, Architect and Engineer.

THE MEMPHIS APPEAL

For the Memphis Appeal

A LAMENT

For Elizabeth Barrett Browning.

BY LILLIAN HORRLL MESSENGER.

A cry of agony will thrill along
The corridor of years,
While Poesy in tears
For the stands weeping, lofty child of song!

Nor Poesy alone—for all men weep;
And truly thou wast born,
To mock the scorn of scorn,
Which says no fields of song may woman reap!

And while we sigh with thine AURORA LEIGH,
Mu ic's own voice is dumb,
And from the nations come
Far-off laments from all who yearn for thee.

A cry will leap, from year to year the same,
That Death has taken thee;
And through Eternity
Echo will sow the silence with thy name.

For the APPEAL]

ANABARE ME.

BY ANNIE CHAMBERS KETCHUM.

When the white snow left the mountains,
When the Spring unsealed the fountains,
When her eye the violet lifted,
Where the Autumn leaves had drifted
'Neath the building maple tree,
Anabare Me.

Now, the Summer flowers are dying!
Now, the Summer streams are drying!
Yet, I cry, though lone I linger
Where the Autumn's crimson finger
Burns along the maple tree,
Anabare Me.

As the w ld bird, faint and dying,
Follows Summer faithless flying,
So my heart, Pouhi-Chank air beating
Broken winged, is still repeating,
While it follows, follows thee,
Anabare Me.

Soon will Winter, gaunt and haggard,
Shroud a new grave, sodless beggared!
Still, though not a flower be planted,
Not a requiem be chanted,
Not an eye with tears be laven,
On a gray stone will be graven,
'Neath the leafless maple tree,
Anabare Me.

"Thou wast loved by me.

MORE ADJECTIVES WANTED.

Reporters, who have to visit about forty or fifty fairs every year, are desirous that somebody should invent a few more adjectives for special use on such occasions. Suppose, says the Hartford *Times*, one is passing through a hall, in which are displayed the usual variety of articles seen in public exhibitions at fairs, and he desires to make notice of a few things. He must do it in this way:

"Jacob Basker exhibits a fine pair of shoe-buckles, very handsomely finished.

"Mrs. McDoodle shows an elegant spread, artistically wrought in colors.

"Mr. John Wilkins exhibits a magnificent work-box, with a splendid cover, inlaid with pearl."

All that a fellow can say after this is merely to repeat what he has said. If Miss Silkfirm has an elegant exhibition, it must be either fine, handsome, elegant, beautiful, magnificent or splendid; and, where there are at least twenty-five exhibitors to be mentioned, the repetition is annoying. Now if somebody will only give us a few more descriptive words, we shall be all right. If that cannot be done, why will not the public tolerate a little infringement upon pure English for the sake of the reporters? For instance (it is the Hartford *Times* that writes the suggestion), let Smith, reporter for the Bunglown *Blowhard*, having exhausted the regular vocabulary, proceed in his report something after this fashion:

"Mr. Squiggins, of Podunk, had in a big basket the bulliest pink-eye potatoes we ever saw.

"Miss Nettles showed in a rousing big glass case the gol-darnedest cushion that was ever made by feminine hands.

"On a table we were shown a plate of peaches, raised in Miss Squinteye's orchard. It was the universal opinion that they were hunky-dory.

"Some crochet work, made by Miss Shaffles, was heavy for needle business, and we heard one woman say it was a regular buster."

Something of this sort would relieve the monotony of the stupid sameness we are now accustomed to in reporting, and we are not sure but it would sell as many papers as it would exhibitors.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. C. HOLST & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS

At the Old Stand,

NO. 320 MAIN STREET

au14 — MEMPHIS, TENN.

J. FLAHERTY

C. D. FLAHERTY, WITH F. WESCHE

FLAHERTY & WESCHE,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FURNITURE.

MANUFACTURE all kinds of Furniture for the trade at their Factory on VANCE STREET. Keep on hand a large assortment of Furniture, and at reasonable rates. Also,

General Undertakers and Dealers in Metallic and Wooden Coffins.

☞ Prompt attention paid to Undertaking at all times.

No. 37 Union Street, Memphis, Tenn.

OWEN SMITH,

UNDERTAKER,

—DEALER IN—

METALLIC CASES AND CASKETS,

And Manufactures of WOODEN and ROSEWOOD COFFINS, of all kinds,

No. 368 Second St., N. E. cor. Gayoso St.

☞ All Orders for Undertaking promptly attended to.

☞ No. 1 Carriages always on hand to let for family use.

J. B. MCCAFFREY. — W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

GENERAL

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No. 317 Second Street,

Near Monroe,

Memphis, - - Tennessee.

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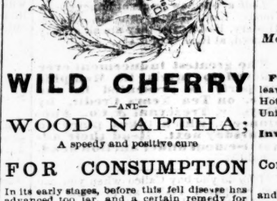

WILD CHERRY

—AND—

WOOD NAPTHA;

A speedy and